

MINNESOTA SPORTS FACILITIES AUTHORITY MEETING AGENDA Wednesday, December 14, 2022, 8:00 A.M. U.S. Bank Stadium – Mystic Lake's Club Purple 401 Chicago Avenue, Minneapolis, MN 55415

A portion of the meeting will be closed, pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, Section 13D.05, subd. 3(b), to discuss attorney-client privileged matters regarding settlement of claims made against EVS, Inc. regarding the plaza concrete.

- 1. CALL TO ORDER
- 2. APPROVAL OF PRIOR MEETING MINUTES October 26, 2022
- 3. BUSINESS
 - a. Action Items
 - i. Approve 2023 Board Meeting Dates
 - ii. Approve Operations and Capital Improvements Equity Plan
 - iii. Authorize Negotiation and Execution of Construction Management Agreement for the Secure Perimeter, Multipurpose Room Addition, and Club Renovations Projects
 - iv. Authorize Negotiation and Execution of Trade Contract Agreement for the 2022 Portable Loudspeaker System Project
 - v. Approve Professional Services Agreement with ASM Global for Communication Services
 - vi. Election of Officers
 - b. Reports
 - i. MSFA Annual Comprehensive Financial Report June 30, 2022
 - ii. U.S. Bank Stadium Updates
 - a. ASM Global
 - b. Aramark
 - iii. Minnesota Vikings Update
- 4. PUBLIC COMMENTS
- 5. DISCUSSION
- 6. CLOSED SESSION

a. Action Items

i. EVS, Inc. Settlement

7. ANNOUNCEMENT OF NEXT MEETING – Thursday, January 19, 2023,

Location: U.S. Bank Stadium – Mystic Lake's Club Purple

8. ADJOURNMENT

*Items in bold require action





MINNESOTA SPORTS FACILITIES AUTHORITY Meeting Minutes – October 26, 2022, 8:00 A.M. U.S. Bank Stadium 401 Chicago Avenue, Minneapolis, MN 55415

1. CALL TO ORDER

Chair Vekich called the meeting of the Minnesota Sports Facilities Authority ("MSFA" or "Authority") to order at 8:01 A.M.

2. <u>ROLL CALL</u>

Commissioners present: Chair Michael Vekich, Bill McCarthy, Angela Burns Finney, and Sharon Sayles Belton. Commissioner Tony Sertich participated remotely via video conference.

3. <u>APPROVAL OF MEETING MINUTES – September 22, 2022</u>

Chair Vekich asked for a motion to approve the minutes of the September 22, 2022, meeting. Commissioner McCarthy moved, and Commissioner Sayles Belton seconded the motion. The minutes of the September 22, 2022, board meeting were unanimously approved and adopted as presented. *See, Exhibit A.*

4. **BUSINESS**

a. Action Items

i. Approve Trade Contract Agreement with Horwitz for the 2022 Operable Doors Project

Chair Vekich asked Ms. Mary Fox-Stroman to discuss the 2022 Operable Doors project. Ms. Fox-Stroman stated U.S. Bank Stadium has five large operable doors at the Legacy Gate entrance that are opened for certain major events. Each door has six hydraulic cylinders and there are two spare cylinders in storage for a total of 32 hydraulic cylinders. Ms. Fox-Stroman mentioned the fluid has been leaking from the cylinder's shaft seals and accumulating on the carpet, therefore the cylinders need to be repaired. On September 13, 2022, the Authority published a Request for Proposals (RFP) to repair the operable doors. Horwitz was the only proposer who responded to the RFP, and they proposed to repair the cylinders and complete the project by March 30, 2023, for a cost of \$298,000.00. *See, Exhibit B.*

Commissioner Burns Finney moved, and Commissioner Sayles Belton seconded the motion to approve the following recommended motion, which was unanimously adopted:

The Minnesota Sports Facilities Authority authorizes the Chair and Interim Executive Director to finalize and execute a trade contract agreement with Horwitz for \$298,000.00 for the 2022 Operable Doors project.

ii. Nomination of Executive Director

Chair Vekich stated the Executive Director position has been vacant since early 2022. We are grateful for the work of Mary Fox-Stroman as Interim Executive Director. State law and the MSFA bylaws provide that the Board may appoint an Executive Director, a finalist is to be nominated by the Chair, and approved by a four-fifths vote of the board.

Chair Vekich said there was an extensive hiring process facilitated by Minnesota Management and Budget, the position was posted from June 6 through August 20, 2022, and there were 35 applicants. Chair Vekich said he conducted interviews of five candidates and concluded the best candidate is Mr. Ben Jay who he nominated for the position. Chair Vekich then said Mr. Jay has 25 years of business and operations experience and his skills include overseeing internal operations, budget and finance, construction management, contract administration, event management, facility operations, human resources, strategic planning, and technology. See, <u>Exhibit C.</u> Commissioner Burns Finney moved, and Commissioner McCarthy seconded the motion to approve the following recommended motion, which was unanimously adopted:

The Minnesota Sports Facilities Authority approves the appointment of Ben Jay as Executive Director, effective December 5, 2022, at an annual salary of \$192,144, plus benefits.

Chair Vekich then asked Mr. Jay to say a few words. Mr. Jay thanked the commissioners for the appointment. Mr. Jay said he appreciates their support and he looks forward to working with the Authority.

b. Report Items

i. Stadium Updates a. ASM Global Update

Chair Vekich asked Mr. John Drum, General Manager of U.S. Bank Stadium, to comment on events. Mr. Drum gave an update on stadium events since the last Authority meeting. He said they hosted two Minnesota Vikings games on September 25th and October 9th, a World EXPO lunch, Youth-in-Music high school band competition, Team Smile which was a Minnesota Vikings event that provided free dental care for children, and several youth football games.

Mr. Drum then discussed future events and said the stadium will host the Minnesota Vikings vs. Arizona Cardinals game this Sunday, Minnesota State High School League (MSHSL) boys and girls soccer championships will be hosted on November 1st, 2nd, and 4th, MSHSL football semi-finals will be hosted on November 17th to 19th, and there will be two Minnesota Vikings games within a five day period with a game on November 20th and another game on November 24th.

Mr. Drum said three events are on sale now: Monster Jam events will be here on February 18th and 19th, Luke Combs concert is scheduled for May 13th, 2023, and Ed Sheeran concert is scheduled for

August 12, 2023. Mr. Drum said private events continue to fill the event calendar. He then said the stadium had a SKOL Service Movie night on the field which was a big success.

b. Aramark Sports & Entertainment Update

Chair Vekich asked Ms. Jenifer Freeman, Aramark General Manager, to provide an update. Ms. Freeman said Aramark rolled out a new program this past summer called "Chefs on the Road". The program started originally with their baseball accounts and it was so successful that they added their football accounts to the program. Chef Halimi went to Philadelphia last month for the Vikings vs. Eagles game and he created a Cheese Curd Hot Dish and a signature cocktail to represent Minnesota, U. S. Bank Stadium, and the Vikings.

Ms. Freeman said locally the Aramark team hit their 2022 targets. In honor of this being the first year they accomplished their goals, Aramark took advantage of the slow week last week and staff went to Top Golf and had lunch at a local minority owned restaurant called StepChld. The restaurant owners are also the co-owners of Nashville Coop.

Ms. Freeman said that she was asked to assist with a compostable program that Aramark is rolling out to other sites. This would be a program where an operator who is currently executing a compostable food and beverage program would advise other Aramark accounts that are looking to develop a compostable program.

Ms. Freeman added that she will join John Fitzgibbon, JP Paul, Minnesota Vikings, and John Sergi, food and beverage consultant, for a meeting in Philadelphia at Aramark's Headquarters in December 2022 for a white board session to talk about the 2023 NFL football season and how they can continue to drive the program

Lastly, Ms. Freeman said that they are the number one consideration to be featured on a series called "Delish". The creator of Delish partnered with Aramark to do a series called "Delish Eats" at various venues across the country. She said that she asked if U.S. Bank Stadium could be the feature for this NFL football season.

c. Minnesota Vikings Update

Chair Vekich asked Mr. Lester Bagley, Minnesota Vikings, to comment. Mr. Bagley said the Team hosted the "NFL Ownership Groups" at U.S. Bank Stadium, and John Drum and Chair Vekich arranged tours to show the many features of the stadium. After the tours the group had a luncheon at the stadium with Minnesota fare.

Mr. Bagley said the Team had a successful trip to London and they hosted groups of sponsors and community leaders. Mr. Bagley also said the Vikings have a great record as they have 5 wins and 1 loss. He concluded by saying U.S. Bank Stadium is an exciting venue for players and fans.

5. <u>PUBLIC COMMENTS</u>

Mr. Jerry Balz, Group of Bird Conservation Organizations, commented on bird migration and bird safe glass treatments.

Mr. Alan Roebke, Alexandria, Minnesota with Inform TV, commented on transparency for all Minnesotans and stadium financing and reporting.

6. <u>DISCUSSION</u>

There was no discussion.

7. ANNOUNCEMENT OF NEXT MEETING

Chair Vekich announced that the next MSFA meeting will be held on Thursday, November 17, 2022, at U.S. Bank Stadium in Mystic Lake's Club Purple.

8. <u>ADJOURNMENT</u>

There being no further business to come before the MSFA, the meeting was adjourned at 8:45 A.M.

Approved and adopted the 14th day of December 2022, by the Minnesota Sports Facilities Authority.

Angela Burns Finney, Secretary/Treasurer

Ben Jay, Executive Director



TO: MSFA Commissioners

FROM: Mary Fox-Stroman

DATE: December 14, 2022

SUBJECT: 2023 Board Meeting Dates

The MSFA Chair and Executive Director recommend the following dates for the 2023 monthly board meetings:

Thursday, January 19, 2023 Thursday, February 23, 2023 Thursday, March 16, 2023 Thursday, April 27, 2023 Thursday, May 18, 2023 Thursday, June 15, 2023 Thursday, July 27, 2023 Thursday, August 17, 2023 Thursday, August 17, 2023 Thursday, September 21, 2023 Thursday, November 22, 2023 Thursday, December 21, 2023

Recommended Motion:

The Minnesota Sports Facilities Authority adopts the above 2023 board meeting calendar.



TO: MSFA Commissioners

FROM: Mary Fox-Stroman

DATE: December 14, 2022

SUBJECT: Revisions to Operations and Capital Improvements Equity Plan

The MSFA has a Policy to encourage the maximum participation of minorities and women in the improvement and operation of the Stadium. The Policy establishes goals for both work force participation and involvement of women-owned (WBE) and minority-owned (MBE) businesses. The Policy is required, in part, under the Stadium Act (Minnesota Statutes, Section 473J.12) which requires the MSFA to establish workforce and WBE/MBE goals "at least equal" to corresponding City of Minneapolis goals.

As of November 2022, the City's workforce goals are 32 percent people of color and 20 percent women. The revised Equity Plan adopts those goals, and also states that when the goals are revised, the MSFA Policy automatically is revised. Under the Minneapolis policy, WBE/MBE goals are established on a project-by-project basis reflecting current companies that are available in the community and the efforts of particular contractors that are involved. This methodology is currently the industry standard for determining WBE/MBE goals so that they are not found to be arbitrary under current legal standards. The revised Equity Policy adopts this methodology. The revised Equity Plan also has several non-substantive changes to reflect the differences between the original large Stadium construction project and the smaller maintenance and improvement projects that are required today.

Recommended Motion:

The Minnesota Sports Facilities Authority approves the revised Operations and Capital Improvements Equity Plan.

Section 2 – Operations and Capital Improvements Equity Plan



U.S. BANK STADIUM OPERATIONS AND CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS EQUITY PLAN

Section 1. Purpose / Outline – Overall

- 11 Introduction. The State of Minnesota created the Minnesota Sports Facilities Authority ("Authority") to build a state-of-the-art multipurpose facility known as the U.S. Bank Stadium ("Stadium"). The Authority is required by law to promote the involvement of women and members of minority communities in the operation and management of the Stadium, as more completely described in Minn. Stat. § 473J.12. The Authority hereby adopts this Equity Plan for ongoing Stadium operations and capital improvement. The purpose of this Equity Plan is to formalize the Authority's efforts to implement the statutory mandate and be recognized as a community leader in providing equitable opportunities and creating a diverse workforce with inclusive environments.
- 12 <u>Definitions</u>. For purposes of this Equity Plan, the following definitions apply:
 - a) "Equity" means everyone has access to the same opportunities. Equity recognizes that advantages and barriers exist and that not everyone starts from the same place. Equity begins by acknowledging this unequal starting place and continues to correct and address the imbalance of opportunities. Equity is not an outcome.
 - b) "Diversity" means the presence of different races, genders, ethnicities, religions, nationalities, and sexual orientation in the stadium. Diversity exists in groups and in relationships with others. Diversity is an outcome.
 - c) "Inclusion" means people with different identities feel valued and welcomed within the Stadium workplace. Inclusion is an outcome.



- d) "Stadium Concessionaire" means any and all entities retained directly or indirectly by the Authority to manage food and beverage operations at the Stadium.
- e) "Stadium Operator" means the entity retained by the Authority to market and operate the Stadium.
- f) "Trade Contractor" means the contractor hired by the Authority to perform construction of capital repairs, improvements or replacements.
- g) "Employment Data" means information including the name of each employer and employee and the name, ethnicity, gender, veteran status, zipcode, and total hours worked and pay of each employee.
- h) "Procurement Data" means information regarding goods or services procured by the Authority for the operation of the Stadium, including the business name on the contract, purchase order, or other agreement; date of procurement; total purchase amount; type of business, and MBE/WBE/VBE status or certification.
- "Targeted Business Program" means the Authority commits to maximizing contracting opportunities with veteran-owned, womenowned or minority-owned small businesses.
- "Workforce Program" means the Authority commits to maximizing employment opportunities of veterans, women and members of minority communities.
- 13 Commitment to Leadership Equity, Inclusion and Diversity.

Equity is core to the Authority's Purpose, Mission and Vision.

The Authority is committed to ensure the workforce is representative of the people it serves. The Authority believes diversity drives engagement, innovation and profitability. The Authority values equity, dignity and inclusion for all stakeholders. The Authority is proactive in our outreach to diverse communities and targeted businesses to promote employment and economic opportunities.



The Authority demonstrates leadership through its commitment to workforce diversity and targeted business partnerships.

- 14 <u>Targeted Business and Workforce</u> <u>Programs</u>. The Authority is committed to maximizing employment opportunities for veterans, women and members of minority communities and procurement opportunities with veteran-owned, women-owned or minority- owned small businesses.
- 15 Workforce. The Authority adopted a workforce goal of 32% minority and 6% women. The Authority adopts the same workforce participation goals as those used by the City of Minneapolis for its construction contracting as percentages of the construction project's total labor hours. As of November 2022, those goals are 32% people of color and Indigenous people and 20% women. Should the City of Minneapolis revise its workforce participation goals in line with the Minnesota Department of Human Rights, the Authority's shall also be revised automatically.
- 16 <u>MBE</u>. Means a Minnesota—based business that meets one or more of the following criteria. <u>Nine percent of</u> <u>workMBE goals shall be set</u> on <u>capital</u> <u>improvement projectsa project-by-</u> <u>project basis based on the project scope,</u> <u>subcontracting opportunities,</u> and <u>procurement should be with minority</u> <u>owned firms:the availability of qualified</u> <u>and ready MBEs able to perform the</u> <u>work.</u>
 - a) Certified by Minnesota Uniform Certification Program ("MNUCP")



https://mnucp.metc.state.mn.us/https://mnucp.metc.state.mn.us/.

 b) Certified by the Minnesota Department of Administration and classified as a Targeted Group Business (TGB) that can be found: <u>http://www.mmd.admin.state.mn.us/pro</u>

<u>cess/search/</u>. <u>http://www.mmd.admin.state.mn.us/p</u> <u>rocess/search/.</u> The business must also have one or more of the following designations: (A), (B), (H), (I) or (E).

- c) Certified by the Central Certification Program (CERT) as an MBE.
- 17 <u>WBE.</u> Means a Minnesota—_based business that meets one or more of the following criteria. <u>Eleven_percentWBE</u> goals shall be set on a project-by-project basis based on the project scope, subcontracting opportunities, and the availability of capital improvement or procurement should be with women owned firms.qualified and ready WBEs able to perform the work.
 - a) Certified by Minnesota Uniform Certification Program ("MNUCP").
 - b) Certified by the Minnesota Department of Administration and as classified as a Targeted Group (TG) business in the directory.
 <u>http://www.mmd.admin.state.mn.us/pro cess/search/.</u>
 <u>http://www.mmd.admin.state.mn.us/p</u> <u>rocess/search/.</u> The business also must have the (W) designation.
 - c) Certified by the Central Certification Program (CERT) as an MBEa WBE.
- 18 <u>VBE.</u> Means Minnesota based business that meets one or more of the following



criteria:

- a) A VBE firm is a firm certified as a Service-Disabled Veteran Small Business (SDVOSB) or a Veteran Owned Small Business (VOSB) by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs.
- 19 <u>Collection of Data</u>. The Authority will collect Employment and Procurement Data from contractors providing capital improvements, the Stadium Operator and Stadium Concessionaire; and other vendors to the stadium.
- 1.10 <u>Equity Advisor</u>. The Authority will coordinate the data gathering and reporting processes and may retain an outside advisor to assist in the identification and outreach to key community stakeholders.
- 1.11 <u>Reporting</u>. The Authority shall make equity reports available via its website (www.MSFA.com) and the Authority may hold quarterly meetings regarding implementation of this Equity Plan.
- 1.12 <u>Subcontractor</u>. Subcontractor means any entity the Trade Contractor contracts with for any part of a Capital Improvement Project.
- 1.13 <u>Subcontract</u>. Subcontract means any contract entered into by the Trade Contractor or subcontractor for any part of Capital Improvement Contracts.
- 114 <u>Good Faith Efforts</u>. Good Faith Efforts means the Trade Contractor's good faith effort documentation and efforts to include women and minority owned companies in Capital Improvement Projects.



Section 2. -Current Workforce and Procurement Efforts

- 2.1 The Authority recognizes the legislature's mandate that the Authority shall make every effort to employ veterans, women and members of minority communities in the operations, management and capital improvements of the Stadium, as more completely described in Minn. Stat. § 473J.12. The legislature instructs that capital improvements and operations workforce workforce establish utilization participation and MBE/WBE goals at least equal to current cityCity of Minneapolis goals. The Authority's current efforts toward meeting the mandate include:
-) The Authority has a contract with Summit Academy OIC. Summit Academy has created an employment assistance program to recruit, hire, and retain minorities, women and veterans for employment at the Stadium and maintains a schedule of regularly occurring job fairs.



- e)a) The Authority, Stadium Operator and Stadium Concessionaire will demonstrate leadership in their commitment to workforce diversity by holding job fairs, advertising employment opportunities, and other community outreach efforts.
- As a leader, the Authority intends to be proactive in its outreach to African American, Native American, Latino, Asian, and other diverse groups to recruit candidates for employment opportunities.
- Sc) The Authority also intends to reach out to community groups, and business associations including: minority, women and veteran entrepreneurs; Metropolitan Economic Development Association (MEDA), veteran organizations, Hmong American Partnership, American Indian OIC, North Central Minority Supplier Development Council (NCMSDC), Minneapolis Urban League,;, and others to create economic opportunities.
- hd) The Authority will maintain a vendor portal for veteran-owned, womenowned, and minority-owned small businesses to maximize and simplify procurement contracting opportunities at the Stadium.
- The Authority recognizes the legislature did not establish specific goals for contracting with targeted businesses, but instructs the Authority to follow a percentage at least equal to the minimumworkforce participation and MBE/WBE goals used for eityCity of Minneapolis development projects.

17



MBE/WBE goals shall be set on a projectby-project basis based on the project scope, subcontracting opportunities, and the availability of qualified and ready MBEs/WBEs able to perform the work. The Authority will pursue the highest level of inclusion by broadly advertising Requests for Quotes and Proposals on its website and by advertising certain procurement opportunities in the Minnesota State Register.

- The Authority intends to gather data as outlined above, report summaries of that data on a <u>quarterlyperiodic</u> basis, and regularly assess what additional efforts the Authority can take to achieve its goals.
- kg The Authority will host periodic public

-quarterly meetings where the Stadium Manager, the Stadium Concessionaire, and a select group of their subcontractors will provide an update on their targeted business procurement commitments and workforce employment status.



TO:	MSFA Commissioners		

FROM: Ben Jay, Executive Director

DATE: December 14, 2022

SUBJECT: Construction Management Agreement for Secure Perimeter, Multipurpose Room Addition, and Club Renovations Projects

At the September Board meeting, you authorized finalization of contracts with Populous for Design Services Agreements regarding Secure Perimeter, Multipurpose Room Addition, and Club Renovations Projects. Those agreements have been finalized and Populous is engaged in the design process. On November 16, the MSFA took the next step in these projects by posting a Request for Proposals (RFP) for a "construction manager at risk."

Proposals were received on December 5, 2022, from four construction management firms. An internal scoring team comprised of Mary Fox-Stroman, Ed Kroics, and me scored the proposals in the manner authorized by the RFP, MSFA policies and State law. Based on this scoring JE Dunn is the proposed contractor. The contract is written to allow JE Dunn to earn a fee of \$30,000 to work with Populous to finalize the construction-level designs and for JE Dunn to provide the MSFA with a guaranteed maximum price (GMP) for each project phase by March or April of 2023. The Board will then be presented with the option to proceed or not on each phase, at the Authority's discretion.

Recommended Motion:

The Minnesota Sports Facilities Authority authorizes the Chair and Executive Director to negotiate, finalize and execute a Construction Management Agreement with JE Dunn for the Secure Perimeter, Multipurpose Room Addition, and Club Renovations Projects.



TO:	MSFA Commissioners

FROM: Mary Fox-Stroman

DATE: December 14, 2022

SUBJECT: Authorize Negotiation and Execution of Trade Contract Agreement for the 2022 Portable Loudspeaker System Project

On November 3, 2022, the Authority published a Request for Proposals (RFP) for the 2022 Portable Loudspeaker System project. The project's scope of services requires the proposer to provide a turnkey delivery of a "touring class" portable speaker system and audio control equipment to support event setups on the floor of U.S. Bank Stadium. The equipment and cabling configurations in the RFP were based on two event setups, (1) side stage setup, and (2) endzone stage setup.

Two proposals were received on Monday, November 21, 2022. Proposals are being reviewed by a committee comprised of Ben Jay, Ed Kroics (ASM Global), and myself. Additional time is needed to clarify the scope of services and to finalize negotiations with the proposers.

Staff will update the board at a future meeting following finalization of negotiations and pricing with the selected proposer.

Recommended Motion:

The Minnesota Sports Facilities Authority authorizes the Chair and Interim Executive Director to finalize negotiations and execute a trade contract agreement for the 2022 Portable Loudspeaker System project.

Usbankstadium



TO: MSFA Commissioners

FROM: Mary Fox-Stroman

DATE: December 14, 2022

SUBJECT: Professional Services Agreement with ASM Global for Communication Services

For the past few years ASM Global has provided communication services for the Authority. The Authority has an on-going need for their services in the following areas: communication strategy, media relations/inquiries, crisis communications, and marketing and branding.

ASM Global will continue to develop a communications plan for the facility, serve as the in-house communications lead, review Freedom of Information Act requests and respond as needed, act as media relations representative for monthly board meetings, and support communication efforts during crisis situations.

Staff recommends that a professional services agreement be executed with ASM Global for communications services for the period from July 1, 2022 through June 30, 2023 for a monthly fee of \$8,500.00.

Recommended Motion:

The Minnesota Sports Facilities Authority authorizes the Chair and Executive Director to execute a professional services agreement with ASM Global for \$8,500.00 per month for a total contract maximum of \$102,000.00, for the period from July 1, 2022 through June 30, 2023.



TO: MSFA Commissioners

FROM: Mary Fox-Stroman

DATE: December 14, 2022

SUBJECT: Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

We are pleased to present to you our Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The Annual Report has three major sections: introductory, financial, and statistical. The financial section includes the independent auditors' report, management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements, and the required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include the statement of net position, statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, statement of cash flows, and notes to the financial statements. The Authority's financial statements include ASM Global's sixth year of operations of U.S. Bank Stadium.

The Authority adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases* effective July 1, 2021 and applied this standard as of that date. This standard required the recognition of certain lease assets and liability for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and as inflows of resources or outflows of resources recognized based on the payment provisions of the contract. It is based on the principle that leases are financings of the right-to-use an underlying asset. The Authority recognized a lease liability and right-to-use assets related to the Hennepin County ground lease and the Biostar equipment lease. The Authority also recognized a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources related to the Stadium Use Agreement with the Minnesota Vikings Football Stadium, LLC.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP (CLA) performed the audit and issued an unqualified audit opinion that the financial statements present fairly the financial position of the Authority as of June 30, 2022, and the changes in financial position and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. CLA also issued a separate audit report titled: *Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and On Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards*, and they issued a Governance Communication letter. The additional report and the letter will be presented by CLA.

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Authority for its Annual Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. This was the ninth award that the Authority has received. We believe this Annual Report meets the certificate program requirements and we will submit it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility. The award is typically received six months after submission of the financial report.

Attached to this memorandum are the following: Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, Governance Letter of Significant Audit Findings, and the Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Prepared in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards.

Recommended Motion:

None.



ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

MINNESOTA SPORTS FACILITIES AUTHORITY

Minneapolis, Minnesota • A component unit of the State of Minnesota

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022



MINNESOTA SPORTS FACILITIES AUTHORITY

Finance Department 1005 4th Street South Minneapolis, MN 55415-1752

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
INTRODUCTORY SECTION	4
Letter of Transmittal	5
GFOA Certificate of Achievement	
Commissioners and Administrative Officials	
Organization Chart	
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditors' Report	
Management's Discussion and Analysis	
Basic Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	
Statement of Cash Flows	<mark>26</mark>
Notes to the Financial Statements	
Required Supplementary Information	
Schedule of the Authority's Share of Net Pension Liability	
State Employees Retirement Fund	
Schedule of Authority's Contributions	
State Employees Retirement Fund	
STATISTICAL SECTION	
ſ	Table
List of Statistical Tables	
Net Position by Component	
Changes in Net Position	
User Fee Revenues by Source	
Demographic and Economic Statistics	
Principal Employers in Minnesota	
Full-time Employees by Department	4.1 48

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

The Introductory Section contains the letter of transmittal, which provides an overview of the Minnesota Sports Facilities Authority's finances, economic prospects, and achievements. Also, included in this section is the list of commissioners and administrative officials, the organization chart, and the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting, awarded by the Government Finance Officers Association. It is the highest form of recognition in governmental financial reporting.



MINNESOTA SPORTS FACILITIES AUTHORITY

4



November 9, 2022

To the Honorable Chairman and Commissioners of the Minnesota Sports Facilities Authority:

I am pleased to submit to you the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report) of the Minnesota Sports Facilities Authority (Authority) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The financial statements included in this report conform to generally accepted accounting principles as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The accuracy, completeness, and presentation of the financial statements, along with the entire contents of this report, are the sole responsibility of management. To the best of my knowledge, management has been diligent in adhering to internal control guidelines to ensure the highest degree of accuracy in the data presented.

The Authority's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that its assets are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable but not absolute assurance that these objectives are met and that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived. The evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

CliftonLarsonAllen, LLP, an independent audit firm, performed the audit of the financial statements included in this report to determine whether the financial statements are fairly presented in all material respects. They have concluded that the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Authority as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

The reader is referred to Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section for additional information regarding the activities and financial position of the Authority. All necessary disclosures have been included to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the Authority's financial position. The MD&A provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

The following subjects are discussed in this letter:

- Profile of the Authority,
- Economic Condition and Outlook,
- Major Initiatives and Accomplishments,
- Independent Audit,
- Awards, and
- Acknowledgements.

Usbankstadium



PROFILE OF THE AUTHORITY

The Authority is a public body and political subdivision of the state of Minnesota created pursuant to the Stadium Act enacted by the Minnesota legislature and approved by Governor Dayton on May 14, 2012. The Authority operates under the policy oversight of a 5-member board per Minnesota Statutes, 473J.07, Subd. 2, the governor of the state of Minnesota appoints the chair and two additional commissioners, and the mayor of the city of Minneapolis appoints two commissioners. Commissioners serve four-year terms. The Executive Director, appointed by the board, directs the daily operations of the Authority, oversees management of the stadium, and carries out the policies established by the board.

U. S. Bank Stadium's multi-purpose design allows for hosting local as well as major national and international events that create community, economic, fiscal, and social benefits for the region. Working closely with stadium partners and staff, the community, and event promoters and planners, the Authority ensures that everyone benefits from this award-winning facility.

U.S. Bank Stadium, located in Minneapolis, Minnesota, is a magnet for entertainment as guests from the Minneapolis-St. Paul metropolitan area and throughout Minnesota have attended and/or participated in events in and around the stadium.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

Local Economy

Minnesota's economic growth is impacted by population growth, employment growth, consumer purchases, property rights, and household finances. Employment opportunities and property rights are the foundation for a market-based economy. These indicators are important for the sports and entertainment industry as they influence stadium event attendance, ticket revenues, food and beverage revenues, and event space rental revenues.

Minnesota Management and Budget's, Revenue and Economic Update dated October 10, 2022, reported that the outlook for real GDP growth in 2022 has weakened and now includes a three-quarter recession beginning in the fourth quarter of 2022. IHS Markit, Minnesota's macroeconomic consultant, expects annual real GDP to grow 1.7 percent this year and decline 0.5 percent next year. They expect this will be a mild recession with a weak recovery beginning in the third quarter of 2023. For years 2023 and 2024, the forecast for real GDP growth is 1.3 percent in 2023 and 2.0 percent in 2025. The negative outlook for the near-term is due to three factors. First, a higher than anticipated acceleration in inflation in August 2022 led the Federal Open Market Committee (FOMC) to increase the federal funds rate by 75 basis points at the September 2022 meeting. Second, the FOMC signaled a commitment to fight inflation even at the risk of a recession. Third, in response to this, financial market conditions tightened. Stock and bond prices fell, the dollar appreciated, and the spreads between Treasuries and private bonds widened. Their forecast is for a true recession with contracting GDP.

U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics reported prices in the Minneapolis-St. Paul metropolitan area as measured by the Consumer Price Index (CPI) increased 0.4 percent for the two months ending in September 2022. The food index increased 1.2 percent, and the energy index declined 5.9 percent from July to September. The decrease in the energy index was mainly due to lower prices for gasoline. Prices were higher for the same period for apparel, household furnishings, tuition and school fees, childcare, and recreation.

According to Minnesota Employment and Economic Development, *September 2022 Employment Analysis*, the unemployment rate inched up one-tenth of a point to 2.0 percent in September 2022 due to an increase in the number of unemployed. Employment growth following the pandemic has been uneven, Minnesota employment has grown 2.4 percent since



January 2022 however growth has slowed down in the last three months to 0.2 percent. Job gains were in education and health services, professional and business services, leisure and hospitality, manufacturing, and construction. Job losses were in government, financial services, and information.

The CPI inflation index for all urban consumers rose 8.2 percent over the year and 14.1 percent over two years. The CPI is a measure of the average change in prices over time in a fixed market basket of goods and services.

Minnesota has seen moderate job growth for twelve months. Minnesota has a tight labor market with 4.1 job openings for every unemployed worker, and its labor force is up 1.1 percent year-to-date. Wages grew faster in September than in August, up 5.7 percent overall.

Minnesota will face strong headwinds in 2023 as the economic outlook for next year is for a weakening job market, an increase in the unemployment rate, strong inflationary pressures, a drop in in consumer spending and business fixed investment, and slower GDP growth.

MAJOR INITIATIVES AND ACCOMPLISHMENTS

Stadium Operator

ASM Global, stadium operator, is responsible for marketing and sales, event services, stadium security, management, and operations at U.S. Bank Stadium. The stadium's financial operations are included in the Authority's financial statements. Following are highlights of the 2021-2022 stadium events:

Minnesota Vikings Home Football Games and Other Events

Minnesota Vikings held a practice game at the stadium on August 7, 2021, this was followed by two preseason games in August, and starting in September 2021 the Team began their regular season and played eight additional home football games at U.S. Bank Stadium.

Other stadium events included: Rolling Stones concert was held on October 24, 2021, George Strait concert was held on November 13, 2021, and Eric Church concert was held on June 11, 2022. In addition, there were dirt shows, many high school and collegiate athletic events, high school proms, graduation ceremonies, and a variety of corporate and other private rental events.

Future Events

Event planning for fiscal year 2023 is robust. There were three major concerts in August 2022, Kenny Chesney concert, Def Leppard & Motley Crue concert, and Rammstein concert, and the Luke Combs concert is scheduled for May 13, 2023. Other events include two Monster Jam events in January 2023, ten Minnesota Vikings home football games, several special events, and many private rental events and tours.

Stadium Concessionaire

Aramark Sports and Entertainment Services, LLC (Aramark) the stadium's food and beverage service, premium catering service, and concession services provider reported gross sales revenues of \$30,841,334 for its sixth year of operations at U.S. Bank Stadium. Aramark paid commissions on certain food and beverage sales to the Minnesota Vikings for their events and to the Authority for Authority events. The Authority reported food and beverage commission revenues of \$3,827,761



for the sixth year of operations for Authority events. The Authority also reported capital contributions from Aramark of \$746,694, which is 2.5 percent of commissionable gross food and beverage sales, that were deposited into the Authority's concession capital reserve account.

Capital Improvements

The following capital and concession capital improvements were made to U.S. Bank Stadium during the fiscal year:

- Construction in progress projects of \$982,932 included the Digital Video Recording Upgrade project, Content Management System project, and Little Six and FMP Club kitchen modifications.
- Purchase of Building Equipment of \$157,411
- Purchase of Furniture, Fixtures & Equipment of \$95,985
- Purchase of technology equipment \$215,396

Downtown East Parking Ramp and Stadium Parking Ramp

The Authority owns the Downtown East Parking Ramp which has 455 parking spaces and is located beneath the stadium plaza on a site adjacent to the stadium. The Authority also owns the six-level Stadium Parking Ramp which has 1,610 parking spaces and is connected via the stadium skyway to U.S. Bank Stadium. Beginning on December 31, 2015, Ryan Companies assumed operational and management responsibility for the ramps. Ryan Companies hired a parking management company, Denison Parking, Inc., to operate both parking facilities. All parking revenues belong to Ryan Companies during their management period, and they are responsible for all parking expenses.

INDEPENDENT AUDIT

The Authority's financial statements have been audited as required by state statute and received an unmodified opinion by the independent accounting firm of CliftonLarsonAllen LLP (CLA). Minnesota Statutes 473J.07, subd.7, requires the Minnesota Office of the Legislative Auditor (Legislative Auditor) conduct an annual audit of the financial statements of the Authority. The Legislative Auditor delegated this responsibility for the current audit to CLA. In addition to meeting the requirements of the state statutes, the audit was designed to meet the requirements of the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. The report of the independent auditors on the basic financial statements can be found in the financial section of this annual report.

AWARDS

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded the Authority with the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Authority for its Annual Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. This was the ninth year that the Authority received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, the contents of which conform to program standards. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award which recognizes conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports. The Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. Management believes that the current Annual Report meets the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and it will be submitted to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.



ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

I express my sincere appreciation to Suzanne Arcand who contributed to this report. She has my sincere appreciation for the contributions she made in the preparation of this report. Appreciation is also expressed to the Chair of the Authority and the Commissioners for their cooperation and outstanding assistance in matters pertaining to the financial affairs of the Authority.

Respectfully submitted,

Mary Fox- Stroman

Mary Fox-Stroman, CPA Interim Executive Director Director of Finance

Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Minnesota Sports Facilities Authority

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2021

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

COMMISSIONERS and ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICIALS

As of June 30, 2022



COMMISSIONERS (left to right)

TONY SERTICH • ANGELA BURNS FINNEY • MIKE VEKICH • SHARON SAYLES BELTON • BILL MCCARTHY

	TERM OF OFFICE	
COMMISSIONERS	Appointed	End of Term
MICHAEL VEKICH, Chair	July 2017	January 2023
BILL MCCARTHY, Vice Chair	June 2012	December 2020 ¹
ANGELA BURNS FINNEY, Secretary & Treasurer	September 2019	January 2023
SHARON SAYLES BELTON	September 2021	December 2023
TONY SERTICH	August 2015	December 2023

KEY ADMINISTRATIVE STAFF

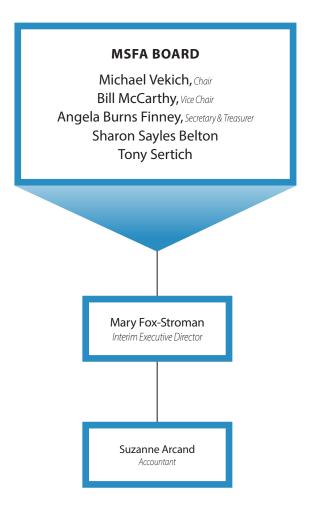
Interim Executive Director MARY FOX-STROMAN, CPA

> Accountant SUE ARCAND

1. Mr. McCarthy continues in his position until an appointment is made.

ORGANIZATION CHART

As of June 30, 2022



FINANCIAL SECTION

The Financial Section includes the independent auditors' report, management's discussion and analysis, and the basic financial statements including the notes to the financial statements, and required supplementary information.



MINNESOTA SPORTS FACILITIES AUTHORITY

13



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Commissioners Minnesota Sports Facilities Authority Minneapolis, Minnesota

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Minnesota Sports Facilities Authority, a component unit of the State of Minnesota, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Minnesota Sports Facilities Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the Minnesota Sports Facilities Authority, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Minnesota Sports Facilities Authority and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1.C to the financial statements, effective July 1, 2021, the Minnesota Sports Facilities Authority adopted new accounting guidance for leases. The guidance requires lessees to recognize a right-to-use lease asset and corresponding lease liability and lessors to recognize a lease receivable and corresponding deferred inflow of resources for all leases with lease terms greater than twelve months. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Minnesota Sports Facilities Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Minnesota Sports Facilities Authority's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Minnesota Sports Facilities Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the schedule of the Authority's share of the net pension liability – State Employees Retirement Fund, and the schedule of the Authority's contributions – State Employees Retirement Fund be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinion on the basic financial statements does not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 9, 2022, on our consideration of the Minnesota Sports Facilities Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Minnesota Sports Facilities Authority's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Minnesota Sports Facilities Authority's Facilities Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Minneapolis, Minnesota November 9, 2022

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of the Minnesota Sports Facilities Authority (Authority) Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report) presents a narrative overview and analysis of the Authority's financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Authority's financial performance as a whole. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Letter of Transmittal, located in the Introductory Section of the Annual Report.

Financial Highlights

The basic financial statements report information about the Authority using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. Key financial highlights for the Authority's fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 are as follows:

- The Authority's net position decreased \$26,544,284, or 2.9 percent, from \$927,730,100 as of June 30, 2021 to \$901,185,816 as of June 30, 2022.
- Operating revenues increased \$20,319,386, or 95.6 percent, from \$21,253,207 as of June 30, 2021 to \$41,572,593 as of June 30, 2022 primarily due to an increase in stadium operating revenues of \$20,257,631. COVID-19 restrictions limited event attendance during fiscal year 2021 which greatly reduced stadium operating revenues, then in fiscal year 2022 the restrictions were lifted, and the stadium was able to host events with guests in attendance and stadium operating revenues grew to \$23,069,152.
- Operating expenses increased \$16,330,905, or 23.6 percent, from \$69,242,474 as of June 30, 2021 to \$85,573,379 as
 of June 30, 2022 primarily due to an increase in stadium operating expenses of \$18,548,110. More events were hosted
 in the stadium in 2022 which led to an increase in event expenses such as event security, event staffing, and event
 support costs.
- Total capital and right-to-use assets, net of depreciation and amortization, decreased by \$40,479,671 as of June 30, 2022 primarily due to depreciation and amortization expense of \$48,948,196.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The purpose of these financial statements, along with the accompanying notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information, is to present the financial position and results of operations to the financial statement users. The financial section of this report consists of:

- (1) Independent Auditors' Report
- (2) Management's Discussion and Analysis (presented here)
- (3) Basic (Enterprise fund) Financial Statements:
 - a. Statement of net position
 - b. Statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position
 - c. Statement of cash flows
- (4) Notes to the Financial Statements

This report also includes other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

The Authority uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. The Authority maintains one proprietary fund, an enterprise fund. The enterprise fund financial statements report information about the Authority using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector businesses in which costs are recovered primarily through user charges. Enterprise fund financial statements provide both short-term and long-term financial information about the Authority's overall financial status. The statements present information on the Authority's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position and show how net position has changed during the year. These financial statements and explanatory notes are prepared in conformance with generally accepted governmental accounting principles and are reported using the accrual basis of accounting.

Statement of net position

The statement of net position presents information on the financial resources and obligations of the Authority on June 30, 2022. The difference between the sum of total assets and deferred outflows of resources and the sum of total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial health of the Authority is improving or deteriorating.

Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position

The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position presents information showing how the Authority's net position changed during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. All of the fiscal year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in this statement, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Statement of cash flows

The statement of cash flows reports cash and cash equivalent activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 as a result of operating, noncapital financing, capital, and investing activities.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the enterprise fund financial statements.

Required supplementary information

The required supplementary information consists of two schedules, Schedule of the Authority's Share of Net Pension Liability State Employees Retirement Fund and Schedule of Authority's Contributions State Employees Retirement Fund.

Financial Analysis Statement of Net Position

Following is a table that presents the Authority's Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2022 and 2021.

Statement of Net Position at June 30, 2022 and 2021

			Increase/
	<u>June 30, 2022</u>	June 30, 2021	<u>(decrease)</u>
ASSETS:			
Current and other assets	\$44,385,950	\$45,439,221	(\$1,053,271)
Capital assets and right-to-use assets (net of			
accumulated depreciation and amortization)	863,572,420	904,052,091	(40,479,671)
Noncurrent assets	<u>348,442,108</u>	<u>15,762,711</u>	<u>332,679,397</u>
Total assets	<u>1,256,400,478</u>	<u>965,254,023</u>	<u>291,146,455</u>
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:			
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	270,782	<u>131,670</u>	<u>139,112</u>
LIABILITIES:			
Current liabilities	19,006,664	31,549,061	(12,542,397)
Noncurrent liabilities	<u>10,491,308</u>	<u>5,497,825</u>	<u>4,993,483</u>
Total liabilities	<u>29,497,972</u>	37,046,886	<u>(7,548,914)</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:			
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	529,971	608,707	(78,736)
Deferred inflows of resources related to leases	<u>325,457,501</u>		<u>325,457,501</u>
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>325,987,472</u>	<u>608,707</u>	<u>325,378,765</u>
NET POSITION:			
Net investment in capital assets	856,803,912	904,052,091	(47,248,179)
Restricted for capital projects	20,454,094	19,447,786	1,006,308
Unrestricted	<u>23,927,810</u>	<u>4,230,223</u>	<u>19,697,587</u>
Total net position	<u>\$901,185,816</u>	<u>\$927,730,100</u>	<u>(\$26,544,284)</u>

The Authority adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87 *Leases* effective as of July 1, 2021, and this standard required recognition of a current lease receivable of \$6,483,796 and noncurrent lease receivable of \$324,831,160 and deferred inflows of resources related to leases of \$325,457,501 based on the present value of expected receipts over the term of the Stadium Use Agreement with the Minnesota Vikings. The standard also required recognition of right-to-use assets of \$7,104,347, current lease liability of \$278,903, and noncurrent lease liability of \$6,489,605 as the Authority had an agreement to lease land improvements and a separate agreement to lease equipment. Lease liabilities represent the Authority's obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease.

The three components of net position are: net investment in capital assets, restricted for capital projects, and unrestricted. The largest portion of the Authority's net position (95.1 percent) as of June 30, 2022 reflects its net investment in capital assets of \$856,803,912. These assets are comprised of land, buildings, building equipment, land improvements, and equipment of U.S. Bank Stadium, Stadium Parking Ramp, and the Downtown East Parking Ramp and right-to-use assets less lease liabilities.

Accordingly, these assets are not available for future spending. Restricted net position as of June 30, 2022 was \$20,454,094 and this represents resources that are restricted for future capital purchases. Unrestricted net position as of June 30, 2022 was \$23,927,810. These resources are available and may be used to meet the Authority's ongoing and future obligations.

Summary of Changes in Net Position

The following table summarizes the changes in net position for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 and 2021.

Summary of Changes in Net Position

	<u>June 30, 2022</u>	<u>June 30, 2021</u>	Increase/ <u>(decrease)</u>
Operating revenues:			
Operating payments from State of Minnesota and Minnesota Vikings	\$6,538,586	\$16,185,325	(\$9,646,739)
Lease revenue	11,526,620	_	11,526,620
Stadium operating revenues	23,069,152	2,811,521	20,257,631
Other revenues	438,235	<u>2,256,361</u>	<u>(1,818,126)</u>
Total operating revenues	<u>41,572,593</u>	<u>21,253,207</u>	<u>20,319,386</u>
Operating expenses	<u>(85,573,379)</u>	<u>(69,242,474)</u>	<u>16,330,905</u>
Total operating income or (loss)	(44,000,786)	(47,989,267)	3,988,481
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):			
Nonoperating revenues:			
Interest revenue and Investment earnings	5,636,438	8,801	5,627,637
Other nonoperating revenues	1,014,788	12,663	1,002,125
Lease revenues	2,034,109	_	2,034,109
Nonoperating expenses	<u>(1,999,610)</u>	<u>(9,426,254)</u>	(7,426,644)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	6,685,725	(9,404,790)	16,090,515
(Loss) before capital contributions	(37,315,061)	(57,394,057)	20,078,996
Capital contributions	10,770,777	4,572,022	6,198,755
Changes in net position	(26,544,284)	(52,822,035)	26,277,751
Total net position-beginning of year	927,730,100	<u>980,552,135</u>	<u>(52,822,035)</u>
Total net position-end of year	<u>\$901,185,816</u>	<u>\$927,730,100</u>	<u>(\$26,544,284)</u>

Operating revenues include operating payments from the state of Minnesota and Minnesota Vikings, lease revenue, stadium operating revenues, and other revenues. In fiscal year 2022 operating revenues increased by \$20,319,386 (95.6 percent) when compared to the prior fiscal year and the changes in operating revenues include the following:

- Implementation of GASB Statement No. 87 *Leases* required recognition of operating lease revenues of \$11,526,620 based on the present value of expected receipts over the term of the Stadium Use Agreement with the Minnesota Vikings, and it resulted in a reduction in operating payments from state of Minnesota and Minnesota Vikings of \$9,646,739.
- Stadium operating revenues increased \$20,257,631 (720.5 percent) from the prior fiscal year due to an increase in major and private rental events in fiscal year 2022. In fiscal year 2021 event attendance was limited due to COVID-19 restrictions.
- Other revenues decreased by \$1,818,126 from the prior year.

Operating expenses include personal services, professional services, supplies, repairs, and maintenance, rent, other expenses, stadium operating expenses, and depreciation. For fiscal year 2022 operating expenses totaled \$85,573,379 which is an increase of \$16,330,905 (23.6 percent) when compared to fiscal year 2021. This increase is primarily due to a increase in stadium operating expenses of \$18,548,110 (129.1 percent) from the prior fiscal year. This increase is associated with additional event costs due to the increase in the number of major and private rental events.

Other changes in fiscal year 2022 include the following:

- Nonoperating revenues increased by \$8,663,871 primarily due to implementation of GASB Statement No. 87 *Leases* in fiscal 2022 this standard required recognition of interest revenue of \$5,587,764 and nonoperating lease revenue of \$2,034,109 which was not recognized in the prior year.
- Nonoperating expenses decreased by \$7,426,644, primarily due to the reduction in the exterior metal panel repair project expenses of \$8,001,363. This project was completed in fiscal year 2022.
- Capital contributions increased by \$6,198,755 due to the recognition of the contribution from the Stadium Builders Licenses Program of \$7,016,151 in fiscal year 2022.

Capital Assets

The following table compares the Authority's capital assets as of June 30, 2022 and 2021 net of accumulated depreciation:

Capital Assets

	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	Increase/ <u>(decrease)</u>
Capital assets (net of depreciation):			·
Non-depreciable-			
Land	\$31,983,174	\$31,983,174	-
Construction in progress	982,932	-	\$982,932
Depreciable-			
Buildings	687,538,407	716,216,959	(28,678,552)
Building equipment	58,568,951	65,087,936	(6,518,985)
Land improvements	23,020,574	24,732,751	(1,712,177)
Equipment	54,599,922	66,031,271	(11,431,349)
Right-to-use assets (net of amortization):			
Building equipment	1,027,759	-	1,027,759
Land improvements	<u>5,850,701</u>		<u>5,850,701</u>
Total capital and right-to-use assets, being depreciated/amortized net	<u>\$863,572,420</u>	<u>\$904,052,091</u>	<u>(\$40,479,671)</u>

The Authority's investment in capital and right-to-use assets as of June 30, 2022 was \$863,572,420 (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization) and consists of land, buildings, building equipment, land improvements, and equipment of U.S. Bank Stadium, Stadium Parking Ramp, and Downtown East Parking Ramp. Total capital and right-to-use assets, being depreciated decreased \$40,479,671 from the prior year. This decrease is due to depreciation expense of \$48,722,309, amortization expense of \$225,887, and the disposition of land improvements of \$78,794 and concession equipment of \$50,921.

Additional information on the Authority's capital and right-to-use assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements, see note I.C.5 and note II.C.

Next Year's Budget

An annual operating budget is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Discussion and preparation of the fiscal year 2022-2023 annual operating and capital budgets began in the spring 2022. The Authority then approved and adopted the 2022-2023 operating and capital budgets in June 2022. This budget process will be followed for adoption of the 2023-2024 budget. Per Minnesota Statutes 3.8842, the Legislative Commission on Minnesota Sports Facilities (Legislative Commission) is required to oversee the Authority's operating and capital budgets. An annual report is presented to the Legislative Commission. Staff presents quarterly budget reports to the Authority board.

The Authority's adopted 2022-2023 operating budget includes operating revenues of \$41,693,423 which includes: stadium operating payments from the state of Minnesota of \$7,077,482 and the Minnesota Vikings of \$10,149,445 for a combined total of \$17,226,927, stadium operating revenues of \$24,402,296, and miscellaneous revenues of \$64,200. Also included in this budget

are operating expenses of \$38,212,581 which includes stadium operating expenses of \$34,352,761, professional services of \$1,319,763, rent of \$798,619, personal services of \$806,081, supplies and network support of \$111,731, insurance of \$350,990, and other expenses of \$472,636.

Operating revenues of \$41,693,423 are budgeted to exceed operating expenses of \$38,212,581 by \$3,480,842, investment earnings of \$12,000 are included in the budget as nonoperating revenues, and net income before transfers is budgeted to be \$3,492,842.

In addition to the 2022-2023 operating budget, the capital and concession capital budgets include capital expenses of \$5,334,952 and concession capital expenses of \$259,122. These expenses will be funded by capital revenues of \$3,614,181, concession capital revenues of \$800,000, and the capital reserve and concession capital reserve.

The Authority considered the following factors when setting the 2022-2023 budget and fees that will be charged for use of U.S. Bank Stadium:

- Stadium event schedule
- Number and type of stadium events
- Stadium event attendance
- Stadium rental pricing
- Product pricing

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Authority's finances for all those with an interest in its financial position and to demonstrate the Authority's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Director of Finance, Minnesota Sports Facilities Authority, 1005 Fourth Street South, Minneapolis, Minnesota 55415. This report may also be found on the Authority's website at <u>www.msfa.com</u>.

MINNESOTA SPORTS FACILITIES AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2022

ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$30,264,993
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	1,222,420
Receivables:	
Accounts and other receivables	5,781,192
Lease receivable	6,483,796
Prepaid items	633,549
Total current assets	44,385,950
Noncurrent assets:	22 200 552
Restricted cash and cash equivalents Lease receivable	22,309,552 324,831,160
Capital assets:	524,051,100
Non-depreciable:	
Land	31,983,174
Construction in progress	982,932
Depreciable:	202,202
Buildings	860,270,853
Building equipment	100,206,534
Land improvements	32,838,177
Equipment	131,272,943
Right-to-Use assets:	
Amortizable:	
Land improvements	5,929,765
Building equipment	1,174,582
Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(301,086,540)
Total capital and right-to-use assets (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization)	863,572,420
Prepaid project insurance	1,301,396
Total noncurrent assets	1,212,014,528
Total assets	1,256,400,478
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	270,782
Current liabilities:	122.010
Salaries and compensated absences payable	432,918
Accounts and other payables	4,690,844
Advanced ticket sales and deposits	11,991,679
Restricted stadium builders licenses liability Lease liability	261,659 278,903
Unearned revenue	1,350,661
Total current liabilities	19,006,664
Noncurrent liabilities:	19,000,004
Compensated absences payable	65,919
Net pension liability	9,786
Unearned revenue	3,925,998
Lease liability	6,489,605
Total noncurrent liabilities	10,491,308
Total liabilities	29,497,972
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	529,971
Deferred inflows of resources related to leases	325,457,501
Total deferred inflows of resources	325,987,472
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	856,803,912
Restricted for capital projects	20,454,094
Unrestricted	23,927,810
Total net position	\$901,185,816

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

MINNESOTA SPORTS FACILITIES AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Operating revenues:	
Operating payments from state of Minnesota and Minnesota Vikings	\$6,538,586
Lease revenue	11,526,620
Stadium operating revenues	23,069,152
Other revenues	438,235
Total operating revenues	41,572,593
Operating expenses:	
Personal services	389,693
Professional services	987,603
Supplies, repairs and maintenance	1,324,155
Rent	700,541
Other expenses	306,330
Stadium operating expenses	32,916,861
Depreciation and amortization	48,948,196
Total operating expenses	85,573,379
Total operating (loss)	(44,000,786)
Nonoperating revenues/(expenses):	
Interest revenue and investment earnings	5,636,438
Other contributions	1,014,788
Lease revenues	2,034,109
Interest expense	(41,677)
Stadium project expenses	(1,061,812)
Stadium builders licenses expenses	(821,575)
Loss on disposal of assets	(74,546)
Total nonoperating revenues/(expenses)	6,685,725
(Loss) before capital contributions	(37,315,061)
Capital contributions	10,770,777
Change in net position	(26,544,284)
Total net position, July 1, 2021	927,730,100
Total net position, June 30, 2022	\$901,185,816

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

MINNESOTA SPORTS FACILITIES AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Receipts from state of Minnesota and Minnesota Vikings	\$6,916,536
Receipts from events	15,505,390
Receipts from food and beverage commissions	2,787,797
Receipts from others	312,266
Payments for ticket sales	(6,079,130)
Payments for employee services	(7,029,494)
Payments to suppliers and others	(19,601,496)
Payments for event and stadium operations	(6,833,914)
Net cash used for operating activities	(14,022,045)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Other contributions received	2,391,483
Payments for stadium project and other activities	(3,483,514)
Net cash used for noncapital financing activities	(1,092,031)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL ACTIVITIES	
Capital contributions received	7,165,474
Lease payments received	13,652,935
Lease principal payments	(147,574)
Lease interest payments	(41,677)
Acquisition and construction of assets	(1,266,298)
Net cash provided by capital activities	19,362,860
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Interest on investments	25,236
Net cash provided by investing activities	25,236
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	4,274,020
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2021	49,522,945
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30, 2022	\$53,796,965

Reconciliation of operating (loss) to net cash used for operating activities:	
Operating (loss)	\$(44,000,786)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used for	
operating activities:	
Depreciation and amortization expense	48,948,196
Change in assets, liabilities, deferred outflows, and deferred inflows:	
Decrease in accounts receivable	2,460,291
Decrease in prepaid items	253,162
(Decrease) in net pension liability and related deferred inflows and deferred outflows	(367,442)
(Decrease) in deferred inflows related to leases	(11,526,620)
Increase in salaries and compensated absences payable and accounts and other payables	3,545,633
(Decrease) in unearned revenues	(64,680)
(Decrease) in advance deposits and ticket sales	(13,269,799)
Total adjustments	29,978,741
Net cash used for operating activities	\$(14,022,045)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

I. Summary of significant accounting policies

A. Organization and reporting entity

1. Organization

The Minnesota Sports Facilities Authority (Authority) was established pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, Section 473J.07, as amended. The Authority is comprised of five commissioners: the chair and two commissioners appointed by the governor of Minnesota and two commissioners appointed by the mayor of the city of Minneapolis. Commissioners serve four-year terms beginning January 1. The chair serves at the pleasure of the governor. The board makes policies for the administration of the Authority, and it appoints an executive director to act as the administrative head of the Authority. The executive director serves at the pleasure of the policies established by the board, directs business and administrative procedures, and recommends personnel to be appointed by the board.

The Authority was created to provide for the construction, financing, and long-term operation of U.S. Bank Stadium and the related stadium infrastructure as a venue for professional football and a broad range of other civic, community, athletic, educational, cultural, and commercial activities.

2. Financial reporting entity

As defined by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the financial reporting entity consists of a primary government, as well as its component units, which are legally separate organizations for which the officials of the primary government are financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as:

- a. Appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board and either (1) the ability to impose will by the primary government or (2) the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the primary government; or
- b. Fiscal dependency on the primary government.

Based upon the application of these criteria, the Authority has no component units. However, the Authority is a component unit of the state of Minnesota because the governor appoints three of the five board members, and the state of Minnesota is responsible for the debt incurred for the Authority's share of the cost of construction of the stadium and stadium infrastructure.

B. Basis of presentation and measurement focus

1. Basis of presentation

The financial statements of the Authority have been prepared in conformity with GAAP as applied to government units in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted primary standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Significant accounting policies of the Authority are described below.

The Authority reports its activities as a business-type activity. The operations of the Authority are accounted for in an enterprise fund which is a set of self-balancing accounts comprised of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position, revenues, and expenses. The fund is used to account for the operation of U.S. Bank Stadium and related stadium infrastructure. The financial statements include a statement of net position, a statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, and a statement of cash flows. All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities (whether current or noncurrent), and deferred inflows of resources are included on the statement of net position. Reported net position is segregated into three categories: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position.

2. Measurement focus and basis of accounting

The Authority's enterprise fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

C. Adoption of New Accounting Standard

In June 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. This standard requires the recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and as inflows of resources or outflows of resources recognized based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right-to-use an underlying asset. Under this standard, a lesse is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. The Authority adopted the requirements of the guidance effective July 1, 2021 and has elected to apply the provisions of this standard to the beginning of the period of adoption. As a result of the implementation of this standard, the Authority, as of July 1, 2021, has reported a lease receivable and deferred inflow of resources related to leases of \$337,346,017 and \$339,018,230, respectively. Additionally, the Authority also recorded right-to-use assets and a lease liability of \$7,104,347 and \$6,916,082, respectively.

D. Assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position

1. Cash and cash equivalents

The Authority has defined cash and cash equivalents as cash on hand, cash on deposit in demand deposit accounts, commercial paper, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Authority deposits are backed by a combination of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and a letter of credit from Federal Home Loan Bank for the account of U.S. Bank National Association, Cincinnati, Ohio for an amount of \$3 million. The letter of credit is irrevocable, unconditional, and nontransferable. Certain accounts are segregated and classified as restricted and may not be used except in accordance with contractual terms.

2. Receivables

a. Accounts and other receivables

Accounts and other receivables consist of estimates of amounts due for commissions from Aramark, stadium event revenues from promoters, Net Operating Income (NOI) payment and NOI shortfall payment from ASM Global, and stadium builders licenses (SBLs) receivables from the transfer or resale of the SBLs. SBLs entitle the holder to buy season tickets to Minnesota Vikings games held at U.S. Bank Stadium for a certain seat in the stadium.

b. Lease receivable

The Authority's lease receivable is measured at the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease term. Under some lease agreements, the Authority may receive variable lease payments that are dependent upon the lessee's revenue. The variable payments are recorded as an inflow of resources in the period the payment is received.

A deferred inflow of resources is recorded for the applicable lease and is recorded at the initiation of the lease in an amount equal to the initial recording of the lease receivable. The deferred inflow of resources is amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

3. Prepaid items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in the financial statement. Prepaid items include insurance costs, and software and maintenance agreement costs. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as an expense when consumed rather than when purchased.

4. Prepaid project insurance

Prepaid project insurance consists of the prefunded loss reserve fund that was established at stadium construction inception. The insurance carrier for the owner-controlled insurance program maintains the loss reserve fund. Insurance costs are expensed when incurred.

5. Capital and right-to-use assets

Capital assets include land, buildings, building equipment, land improvements, and equipment. Capital assets are defined by the Authority as assets with an individual or system cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life greater than three years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. Costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Capital and right-to-use assets are depreciated or amortized over their estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. Land is not depreciated. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

<u>Capital assets</u>	<u>Useful life</u>
Buildings	20 - 30 years
Building equipment	5 - 20 years
Land improvements	20 - 30 years
Equipment	3 - 30 years
<u>Right-to-use assets</u>	<u>Useful life</u>
Land improvements	25 years
Building equipment	5 – 10 years

6. Liabilities

a. Salaries and compensated absences payable

Salaries and compensated absences payable include salaries and benefits incurred and unpaid as of June 30, 2022. The Authority accrues vacation and sick leave when earned. Certain employees qualify for a vacation leave and a sick leave benefit paid at termination or retirement. The pay rate in effect at the end of the fiscal year and the employer's share of social security contributions are used to calculate compensated absences accruals at June 30.

b. Advanced ticket sales and deposits

Revenues related to advance ticket sales for events that have not yet occurred are deferred until the event has been held at U.S. Bank Stadium. U.S. Bank Stadium box office sells tickets through box office sales, Ticketmaster sales, and consignment sales. Consignment sales consist of tickets pulled in advance for the promoter. Consignment sales are considered advance ticket sales, as the promoter is obligated to pay for the tickets at settlement once the event has occurred. Deposits represent payments received from event organizers in advance of an event.

c. Unearned revenues

Unearned revenues primarily consist of the unamortized amount of the capital investments from Aramark, Minnesota Vikings, and ASM Global.

7. Lease liabilities and Right-to-use assets

The Authority determines if an arrangement is a lease at inception. Leases are included in right-to-use assets and lease liabilities in the statement of net position. Right-to-use assets represent the Authority's control of the right to use an underlying asset for the lease term, as specified in the contract, in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Right-to-use assets are recognized at the commencement date based on the initial measurement of the lease liability, plus any payments made to the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease term and certain direct costs. Right-to-use assets are amortized in a systematic and rational manner over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

Lease liabilities represent the Authority's obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. Lease liabilities are recognized at the commencement date based on the present value of expected lease payments over the lease term, less any lease incentives. Interest expense is recognized ratably over the contract term. The lease term may include options to extend or terminate the lease when it is reasonably certain that the Authority will exercise that option.

The Authority recognizes payments for short-term leases with a lease term of twelve months or less as expenses as incurred, and these leases are not included as lease liabilities or right-to-use lease assets on the statement of net position.

The Authority accounts for contracts containing both lease and non-lease components as separate contracts when possible. In cases where the contract does not provide separate price information for lease and non-lease components, and it is impractical to estimate the price of such components, the Authority treats the components as a single lease unit.

8. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net assets that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (an expense) until then. The amount recognized as deferred outflows of resources is related to pensions.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position also reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The amount recognized as deferred inflows of resources is related to pensions and leases.

9. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Minnesota State Retirement System (MSRS) and additions to/deductions from MSRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MSRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

10. Net position

Net position represents the sum of total assets and deferred outflows of resources less the sum of total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. At June 30, 2022 the Authority had three categories of net position: net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted.

- Net investment in capital assets is the amount of net position representing capital and right-to-use assets net of accumulated depreciation and amortization and related liabilities.
- Restricted net position represents resources that have external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. This category represents resources that are restricted for future capital purchases.
- Unrestricted net position is the amount of net position that does not meet the definition of restricted or net investment in capital assets.

The Authority will first apply restricted resources then unrestricted resources when an expense occurs for which both are available.

- 11. Revenues and expenses
 - a. Operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses

Enterprise funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with an enterprise fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Authority's enterprise fund are: operating payments, lease revenue, stadium operating revenues, and other revenues. Stadium operating revenues include rent, service revenues, food and beverage, advertising, ticket rebates and facility fees, suite tickets, and other revenues.

Operating expenses include personal services, professional services, supplies, repairs and maintenance, rent, other expenses, stadium operating expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. Stadium operating expenses include operating and event expenses incurred by ASM Global to manage U.S. Bank Stadium including service expenses, compensation and benefits, contract services, general and administrative, operations, repairs and maintenance, operational supplies, insurance, and utilities. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition and other related activities are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

II. Detailed notes

A. Cash deposits with financial institutions

Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 118A, require that all Authority deposits in excess of available federal deposit insurance be protected by a corporate surety bond or collateral security. An irrevocable standby letter of credit issued by a Federal Home Loan Bank is an allowable form of collateral. The statute further requires the total amount of collateral computed at its fair value shall be at least ten percent more than the amount on deposit at the close of the financial institution's banking day, except for irrevocable standby letters of credit, the amount of collateral shall be at least equal to the amount on deposit at the close of the financial institution's banking day. The Authority holds a letter of credit from the Federal Home Loan Bank of Cincinnati for \$3,000,000. On June 30, 2022, the carrying amount of the Authority's combined demand deposit bank accounts was \$22,982,194. Bank balances were \$24,407,721 of which \$23,401,961 was invested in commercial paper, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance, and \$755,760 was covered by the letter of credit. On June 30, 2022 the balance in the money markets account was \$30,814,771.

II. Detailed notes (continued)

B. Cash and Cash equivalents

Following is a summary of the carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2022:

		Custodial			
	Credit	Credit		Carrying	% of Total
<u>Security Type</u>	<u>Risk</u>	<u>Risk</u>	Maturities	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Portfolio</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	(a)	(b)(c)	n/a	\$53,796,965	100%

(a) Cash and cash equivalents include Commercial paper which has a AAA credit rating.

(b) Individual bank balances less than or equal to \$250,000 are FDIC insured. Individual balances greater than \$250,000 are collateralized by the Authority holding a letter of credit from the Federal Home Loan Bank of Cincinnati for \$3 million.

(c) Commercial paper and securities held in custody are in the Authority's name.

C. Capital and Right-to-Use assets

Capital and right-to-use asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

	Balance <u>July 1, 2021*</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	Balance <u>June 30, 2022</u>
Capital assets, not being depreciated:	·			
Land	\$31,983,174	\$-	\$-	\$ 31,983,174
Construction in progress		<u>982,932</u>		<u>982,932</u>
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	<u>31,983,174</u>	<u>982,932</u>		<u>32,966,106</u>
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	860,270,853	-	-	860,270,853
Building equipment	100,049,123	157,411	-	100,206,534
Land improvements	32,916,971	-	(78,794)	32,838,177
Equipment	<u>131,012,483</u>	<u>311,381</u>	<u>(50,921)</u>	<u>131,272,943</u>
Total capital assets, being depreciated	1,124,249,430	468,792	<u>(129,715)</u>	<u>1,124,588,507</u>
Right-to-Use Assets, being amortized:				
Building equipment	1,174,582	-	-	1,174,582
Land improvement	<u>5,929,765</u>			<u>5,929,765</u>
Total right-to-use assets, being amortized	<u>7,104,347</u>			<u>7,104,347</u>
Less: accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(144,053,894)	(28,678,552)	-	(172,732,446)
Building equipment	(34,961,187)	(6,718,565)	42,169	(41,637,583)
Land improvements	(8,184,220)	(1,633,383)	-	(9,817,603)
Equipment	<u>(64,981,212</u>	<u>(11,691,809)</u>		<u>(76,673,021)</u>
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(252,180,513)</u>	<u>(48,722,309)</u>	<u>42,169</u>	<u>(300,860,653)</u>
Less: accumulated amortization for:				
Building equipment	-	(146,823)	-	(146,823)
Land improvement(79,064)		(79,064)		(79,064)
Total accumulated amortization		<u>(225,887)</u>		<u>(225,887)</u>
Total capital and right-to-use assets,				
being depreciated/amortized net	<u>879,173,264</u>	<u>(48,479,404)</u>	<u>(87,546)</u>	830,606,314
Total capital and right-to-use assets, net	<u>\$911,156,438</u>	<u>(\$47,496,472)</u>	<u>(\$87,546)</u>	<u>\$863,572,420</u>

'*Restated due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87 Leases, see Note IC.

III. Other information

A. Retirement plans

Authority employees are covered by one of two Minnesota State Retirement System (MSRS) retirement plans.

1. Minnesota State Retirement System-State Employees Retirement Fund (SERF)

a. Plan Description

SERF is administered by the Minnesota State Retirement System (MSRS) and is established and administered in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, Chapters 352. SERF includes the General Employees Retirement Plan (General Plan), a multipleemployer, cost-sharing defined benefit plan. Certain employees of the Authority are covered by the General Plan. The General Plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. Employee and employer contributions were funded at 100.0 percent of the required contributions set by statute.

Minnesota Statutes, Section 352.04 requires that eligible employees contribute 6.0 percent of their total compensation to the fund. Participating employers are also required to contribute 6.25 percent to this fund. The Authority's contribution to the General Plan for the year ended June 30, 2022 was \$23,836. All active and deferred members are fully vested to the extent of their contributions plus interest at a rate of 6.0 percent through June 30, 2011, 4.0 percent through June 30, 2018, and 3.0 percent thereafter. For monthly retirement benefits, members hired before July 1, 2010, are vested after three years of covered service; members hired after June 30, 2010, are vested after five years of covered service. MSRS issues a publicly available financial report that may be obtained at <u>www.msrs.state.mn.us/financial-information</u>; by writing to Minnesota State Retirement System, 60 Empire Drive, Suite #300, St Paul, Minnesota 55103 or by calling (651) 296-2761 or 1-800-657-5757 or via e-mail at info@msrs.us.

b. Benefits provided

Retirement benefits can be computed using one of two methods: the Step formula and the Level formula. Members hired before July 1, 1989, may use the Step or Level formula, whichever is greater. It also includes full benefits under the Rule of 90 (age plus years of allowable service equals 90). Members hired on or after July 1, 1989, must use the Level formula. Each formula converts years and months of service to a certain percentage. Under the Step formula, members receive 1.20 percent of the high-five average salary for each of the first ten years of covered service, plus 1.70 percent for each year thereafter. It also includes full benefits under the Rule of 90 (age plus years of allowable service equals 90). The Level formula does not include the Rule of 90. Under the Level formula, members receive 1.70 percent of the high-five average salary for all years of covered service of the high-five average salary for all years of covered service equals 90). The Level formula does not include the Rule of 90. Under the Level formula, members receive 1.70 percent of the high-five average salary for all years of covered service equals 90. The Level formula does not include the Rule of 90. Under the Level formula, members receive 1.70 percent of the high-five average salary for all years of covered service with full benefits at normal retirement age.

Annuitants receive post-retirement benefit increases of 1.0 percent through 2023, and 1.50 percent per year thereafter.

c. Pension liabilities, pension expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the Authority reported a liability of \$9,786 for its proportionate share of MSRS' net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured at June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Authority's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the contributions received by MSRS during the measurement period July 1, 2020, through June 30, 2021, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of MSRS' participating employers. At June 30, 2021 the Authority's proportion was .012 percent, which was unchanged from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

The following change in actuarial assumptions affected the measurement of the total pension liability since the prior measurement date:

• The investment rate of return and single discount rates decreased from 7.50 percent to 6.50 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Authority recognized pension income of \$367,442 for its proportionate share of the MSRS-SERF pension expense. At June 30, 2022, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows <u>of Resources</u>	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$2,422	(\$1,129)
Changes in assumptions	\$180,018	(\$134,781)
Differences between projected and actual		
investment earnings	-	(\$270,563)
Changes in proportion and differences between actual		
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	\$64,506	(\$123,498)
Contributions paid to MSRS subsequent to		
measurement date	<u>\$23,836</u>	
Total	<u>\$270,782</u>	<u>(\$529,971)</u>

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Authority contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense/(income) as follows:

Year ended		Pension
<u>June 30:</u>		<u>Income</u>
2023		(\$162,543)
2024		(\$29,200)
2025		(\$62,664)
2026		<u>(\$28,618)</u>
	Net pension income	<u>(\$283,025)</u>

d. Actuarial Assumptions

The Authority's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The total pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.25 percent per year
Active Member Payroll Growth	3.00 percent per year
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	6.50 percent per year

Salary increases were based on service related rates. Mortality rates were based on Pub-2010 mortality tables using projection scale MP-2018, adjusted by a multiplier to match fund experience. Actuarial assumptions are based on experience studies conducted every four years.

The Minnesota State Board of Investment (SBI) invests all state funds and manages the investments of MSRS. To match the long-term nature of pension obligations, SBI maintains a strategic asset allocation that includes allocations to public equity, fixed income, and private markets. The long-term expected rate of return is based on an asset allocation completed by SBI in 2016. The SBI's long-term expected rate of return was determined using a building-block method. Best estimates of future real rates of return (expected returns, net of inflation) were developed for each asset class using both long-term historical returns and long-term capital market expectations from a number of investment management and consulting organizations. The asset class estimates and target allocations were combined to produce a geometric, long-term expected real rate of return for the portfolio. Inflation expectations were applied to derive the nominal rate of return for the portfolio.

Long-term Expected Real Rate of **Asset Class Target Allocation Return (Geometric Mean)** Domestic equity 33.5% 5.10% International equity 16.5% 5.30% **Fixed** income 25.0% 0.75% Private markets 25.0% 5.90% Total 100.0%

The current SBI Target Asset Allocations and Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return:

e. Single discount rate

Projected benefit payments are discounted to their actuarial present values using a single discount rate. The single discount rate reflects the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the period in which assets are projected to be available to pay benefits, and a tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligations bonds with an average AA credit rating for the remaining years. The fiduciary net position of SERF was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members through fiscal year 2121. Therefore, the discount rate is the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments, which was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.50 percent and the municipal bond rate was 1.92 percent.

f. Sensitivity of the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate The following presents the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability, calculated using the current single discount rate of 6.50 percent, as well as what the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (5.50 percent) or one percentage-point higher (7.50 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease in	Current	1% Increase in
	<u>Discount Rate (5.50%)</u>	<u>Discount Rate (6.50%)</u>	<u>Discount Rate (7.50%)</u>
Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$282,150	\$9,786	(\$215,238)

Additional information related to the plan is presented in Required Supplementary Information (RSI) following the Notes to the Financial Statements.

2. Minnesota State Retirement System-Unclassified Employees Retirement Fund (UER)

a. Plan description and contributions

The MSRS-UER is a tax-deferred, defined contribution fund entirely composed of a single, multiple-employer defined contribution plan. Minnesota Statutes, Section 352D.01, authorized creation of this plan. Participation is limited to certain, specific employees of the State of Minnesota and various statutorily designated entities. The Authority's former Executive Director participated in the plan.

It is considered a money purchase plan, with participants vesting only to the extent of the value of their accounts (employee and employer contributions plus/minus investment gains/losses, less administrative expenses), but functions as a hybrid of a defined contribution plan and a defined benefit plan.

Minnesota Statutes, Section 352D.04, subdivision 2, requires a contribution rate of 6.0 percent of salary from participating employees. The employer contribution rate is 6.25 percent of salary. Employees of this plan also contribute to Social Security.

Participants in this plan are eligible to apply for the balance in their account after termination of public service. There is no minimum employment requirement to qualify for this lump-sum payment. Since contributions made to this plan are not taxed, participants pay taxes when funds are withdrawn and may be subject to a 10.0 percent penalty if funds are withdrawn in a lump sum before the member reaches age 59 ½. Monthly benefits are available to terminated participants at age 55 or later, regardless of the individual's length of service. Participants age 55 or older may also apply for a portion of their account balance as a lump-sum payment and the remainder in lifetime, monthly benefits.

Retirement and disability benefits are available to some participants through conversion to the General Plan, at the participant's option, provided the employee has at least ten years of allowable service in this plan and/or the General Plan if hired prior to July 1, 2010, or has no more than seven years of service if hired after June 30, 2010.

Employer contributions to MSRS-UEP which equaled the required contributions are:

Year	Contributions
2022	\$7,802

B. Risk management

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omission; work related injuries; and natural disasters. The Authority purchased insurance policies for the following exposures with the deductible or the amount of risk retention indicated in parenthesis: general liability (\$1,000 per claim for employee benefits only), excess liability (none), automobile/garage keepers liability (\$1,000 deductible hired auto physical damage, \$2,500 comprehensive deductible, and \$500 collision deductible per auto), crime insurance (\$10,000), workers compensation (none), public officials and employee liability insurance (\$25,000 and \$50,000 for employment practices), cyber/privacy liability (\$25,000 per claim), property (\$1,000,000 for snow, sleet, or ice perils, \$2,500,000 for hail perils, and \$100,000 for all other perils), property insurance buy down deductible (\$500,000 for snow, sleet or ice), property insurance buy down deductible (\$500,000 for snow, sleet or ice), property insurance buy down deductible (\$500,000 for snow, sleet or ice).

The Authority had an Owner Controlled Insurance Program (OCIP) during construction of the stadium whereby the construction manager, all subcontractors and all direct contractors enrolled in this program for liability insurance coverage. This policy has a prefunded insurance loss reserve for claim and service fee expenses.

Within the past three fiscal years, settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage.

C. Lease receivables and liabilities

1. Lease receivables

The Authority recorded a lease receivable and deferred inflow of resources based on the present value of expected receipts over the term of the agreement. The expected receipts are discounted using an estimated interest rate as the Authority does not have bonding authority or other finance type arrangements. Variable payments are excluded from the valuation unless they are fixed in substance. During the year ended June 30, 2022, the Authority recognized revenue related to this agreement of \$13,560,729. During the year ended June 30, 2022, the Authority does not have any lease revenue related to variable receipts that were not previously included in the initial measurement of the lease receivable.

The Authority entered into a Stadium Use Agreement with the Minnesota Vikings, in accordance with GASB Statement No. 87 *Leases*, this is referred to as a lessor agreement. The agreement commenced on June 17, 2016 and is in place for 30 years. The agreement also includes two optional 10-year renewal periods, which were excluded from the initial calculation as it is undetermined if those will be exercised at this time. Payments are made in the form of an operating payment which is due monthly each year from July through December and a capital payment which is due in January each year. The agreement also includes an annual increase of three percent per year, and this was factored into the present value of the receipts for the initial recording. The discount rate used for the agreement was 1.67 percent.

The Authority's lease receivable is measured at the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease term. A deferred inflow of resources is recorded for the applicable lease. The deferred inflow of resources is recorded at the initiation of the lease in an amount equal to the initial recording of the lease receivable. The deferred inflow of resources is amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Year Ending June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2023	\$6,483,796	\$5,483,593	\$11,967,389
2024	6,954,687	5,371,724	12,326,411
2025	7,444,356	5,251,847	12,696,203
2026	7,953,444	5,123,645	13,077,089
2027	8,482,614	4,986,788	13,469,402
2028-2032	51,102,545	22,553,666	73,656,211
2033-2037	67,763,800	17,623,935	85,387,735
2038-2042	87,820,358	11,167,430	98,987,788
2043-2046	<u> </u>	3,064,359	90,373,715
Total	<u>\$331,314,956</u>	<u>\$80,626,987</u>	<u>\$411,941,943</u>

2. Lease liabilities

On November 20, 2015, the Authority entered into an agreement to lease land improvements, 35,860 square feet of space, at a location adjacent to U.S. Bank Stadium plaza area. The lease period began March 1, 2016 and will expire on February 28, 2047. The initial lease liability for this land improvement was \$5,741,500. The discount rate used for the agreement was 1.71 percent.

The Authority entered into an agreement to lease equipment for air purification equipment in the stadium. The lease period began June 15, 2019 and will expire on June 15, 2029. The initial lease liability for this equipment was \$1,174,582. The discount rate used for the agreement was .8 percent.

Schedule of changes in long-term liabilities:

	Balance			Balance	Due within
	<u>July 1, 2021*</u>	<u>Increases</u>	Decreases	<u>June 30, 2022</u>	<u>1 Year</u>
Long-term Lease liabilities	\$6,916,082	\$ -	\$147,574	\$6,768,508	\$278,903

*Restated due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87 Leases, see Note IC.

Total future minimum lease payments under the lease agreements are as follows:

<u>Year Ending, June 30</u>		Principal	Interest	Total
2023		\$278,903	\$104,059	\$382,962
2024		344,190	99,861	444,051
2025		361,830	95,296	457,126
2026		366,514	90,612	457,126
2027		371,266	85,860	457,126
2028-2032		1,384,819	362,067	1,746,886
2033-2037		1,146,473	265,517	1,411,990
2038-2042		1,248,733	163,257	1,411,990
2043-2047		1,265,780	52,077	1,317,857
	Total	<u>\$6,768,508</u>	<u>\$1,318,606</u>	<u>\$8,087,114</u>

Right-to-use assets acquired through outstanding leases are shown below, by underlying asset class.

Land improvement	\$5,929,765
Equipment	1,174,582
Less: accumulated amortization	(225,887)
Total right-to-use assets net of amortization	<u>\$6,878,460</u>

D. Agreements

1. Use agreement and football playing agreement

Effective November 22, 2013, the Authority and Minnesota Vikings Football Stadium, LLC entered into a long-term amended and restated stadium use agreement that grants the Team the right to use the stadium. The initial term of the agreement was from date of substantial completion of the stadium to the 30th National Football League (NFL) football season played

by the Team in the stadium. As payment for its occupancy and use of the stadium, the Team is obligated to pay an annual operating cost payment and an annual capital cost payment as defined in the agreement. This agreement also requires the Authority to have sole responsibility for the operation, direction, maintenance, supervision, and management of the stadium and stadium infrastructure.

On February 19, 2016, the Authority entered into the Second Amended and Restated Stadium Use Agreement to incorporate the amendments into this agreement. This amended and restated use agreement superseded and replaced the prior agreements. This agreement is reflected as a lease receivable in accordance with GASB Statement No. 87 *Leases*.

In addition to the use agreement the Authority and the Team entered into a long-term football playing agreement concerning the use of the stadium whereby the Team agreed to play home games during the NFL season at the stadium. This agreement terminates in conjunction with the termination of the amended and restated use agreement.

2. Parking agreement

On February 10, 2014, the Authority entered into a parking agreement with Ryan Companies US, Inc. (Ryan) and the city of Minneapolis whereby the Authority owns the Downtown East Parking Ramp and the Stadium Parking Ramp and Ryan operates the parking facilities for the first ten years. Since December 31, 2015, Ryan has managed both parking facilities. The revenues and expenses from the parking operation are not included in the Authority's statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position.

3. Management and pre-opening services agreement

Effective August 22, 2014 the Authority entered into a management and pre-opening services agreement with a third party management company, SMG now known as ASM Global, who is responsible for managing, operating, maintaining and marketing U.S. Bank Stadium for ten years commencing with the stadium opening (operating period) with an option to extend the agreement for an additional five years. ASM Global is required to operate in accordance with certain policies of the Authority.

The agreement required ASM Global to pay the Authority \$2,750,000 for capital investment costs by April 1, 2016. On June 30, 2017, ASM Global contributed an additional \$250,000 for event marketing. The unamortized capital investment will be paid to ASM Global upon early termination of the agreement. The capital investment amount was deferred and will be recognized as revenue over the term of the agreement. The unamortized capital investment balance at June 30, 2022 was \$1,140,804.

The agreement also required ASM Global to guarantee \$6,750,000, increased by 2.0 percent each year, of net operating income (NOI) to the Authority for the first year of operations. In addition to the NOI guarantee of \$6,750,000, the Authority is entitled to a pro rata share of NOI above \$7,250,000, as defined by the agreement. The NOI guarantee for the sixth year of operations was \$7,163,154. The agreement assigns ASM Global agent rights to certain bank accounts held by the Authority in relation to stadium operations and payroll. All stadium operating revenues are required to be deposited to the stadium operating bank account.

On May 20, 2021, the Authority executed an amendment to the agreement to adjust revenue sharing and ASM Global's compensation, and to make other changes due to COVID-19 and its impact on stadium events. The parties agreed to the

following: a reduction in the NOI guarantee of \$225,000 per year beginning with the current fiscal year and continuing through the end of the agreement, deferral of the NOI shortfall payment for years ending June 30, 2020, 2021, and 2022 until excess funds are paid to the Authority or the end of the agreement, annual management fee of \$350,000, which is increased by 2.0 percent a year beginning with the current fiscal year through the end of the agreement, and the term of the agreement was extended to June 30, 2032.

4. Food and beverage, catering and concession agreement

The Authority entered into a food and beverage, catering and concession agreement with Aramark Sports and Entertainment Services, LLC for the provision of premium food and beverage operations, catering services and concession services in the suites, the clubs, and the concession stands in the concourses and on the plaza. The ten-year agreement has a designated commission option which established the commission rates that would be paid by Aramark and it provided an option for the Minnesota Vikings to contribute to the required \$10 million capital investment. The Minnesota Vikings chose the option to contribute \$6.5 million to the capital investment, Aramark then contributed \$3.5 million in February 2016 to the capital investment. This capital investment was a stadium project funding source for the purchase of concession equipment. The total capital investment of \$10 million was deferred and will be recognized as revenue over the 10-year term of the agreement. The unamortized capital investment will be paid to the Minnesota Vikings and Aramark upon early termination of this agreement. The unamortized capital investment will be paid to the Minnesota Vikings and Aramark upon early termination of this agreement. The unamortized capital investment balance at June 30, 2022 was \$4,088,710.

In addition to payment of commissions for food and beverage, catering and concession sales, Aramark is required to pay 2.50 percent of gross receipts to the Authority for deposit into the concession capital reserve account for future purchases.

5. Commemorative bricks program

The first \$1,600,000 of net proceeds from the sale of commemorative bricks has been restricted by the stadium development agreement for plaza improvements. Any net proceeds from the sale of commemorative bricks in excess of \$1,600,000 are designated to the stadium plaza improvements budget. Based on this restriction, cash related to the sale of commemorative bricks is shown as restricted assets of \$240,852 on the statement of net position for the year ended June 30, 2022.

E. Contingencies

The Authority is contingently liable with respect to lawsuits and other claims that arise in the ordinary course of its operations. Although the outcome of these matters is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the Authority's management, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the Authority's financial condition.

MINNESOTA SPORTS FACILITIES AUTHORITY SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Last 10 Years¹

Schedule of the Authority's Share of Net Pension Liability Minnesota State Retirement System - State Employees Retirement Fund

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	Authority's Proportion of the <u>Net Pension Liability</u>	Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net <u>Pension Liability</u>	Authority's <u>Covered Payroll</u>	Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its <u>Covered Payroll</u>	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total <u>Pension Liability</u>
2014	0.051%	\$827,002	\$1,303,478	63.45%	87.64%
2015	0.033%	\$507,998	\$874,171	58.11%	88.32%
2016	0.021%	\$2,603,765	\$563,727	461.88%	47.51%
2017	0.014%	\$1,038,507	\$383,628	270.71%	62.73%
2018	0.012%	\$162,375	\$367,562	44.18%	90.56%
2019	0.016%	\$225,096	\$494,074	45.56%	90.73%
2020	0.012%	\$159,380	\$380,884	41.84%	91.25%
2021	0.012%	\$9,786	\$390,352	2.51%	90.53%

The measurement date is June 30 of each year.

1 This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

2 The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

Schedule of Authority's Contributions Minnesota State Retirement System - State Employees Retirement Fund

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	Contractually Required <u>Contribution</u>	Contributions in Relation to the Contractually <u>Required Contribution</u>	Contribution Deficiency (excess)	Authority's <u>Covered Payroll</u>	Contributions as a Percentage of <u>Covered Payroll</u>
2014	\$48,519	\$48,519	\$-	\$928,080	5.23%
2015	\$40,403	\$40,403	\$-	\$735,734	5.49%
2017	\$36,066	\$36,066	\$-	\$638,223	5.65%
2018	\$20,216	\$20,216	\$-	\$367,562	5.50%
2019	\$29,089	\$29,089	\$-	\$494,074	5.89%
2020	\$23,805	\$23,805	\$-	\$380,884	6.25%
2021	\$24,397	\$24,397	\$-	\$390,352	6.25%
2022	\$23,836	\$23,836	\$-	\$381,379	6.25%

1 This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

2 The amounts presented for 2014 and 2015 were determined as of December 31.

3 The amounts presented for 2017 are for the 18-month fiscal period from January 1, 2016 through June 30, 2017.

4 The amounts presented for 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, and 2022 were determined as of June 30.

STATISTICAL SECTION

The Statistical Section provides financial statement users with additional historical perspective, context, and detail to assist in using the information in the financial statements, including the accompanying notes.



MINNESOTA SPORTS FACILITIES AUTHORITY

42

LIST OF STATISTICAL TABLES

1.0 FINANCIAL TRENDS

This information is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing how the Authority's financial position has changed over time. There are two tables presented in this section.

Table 1.1 Net Position by Component

Table 1.2 Changes in Net Position

2.0 REVENUE CAPACITY

This information is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing the factors affecting the Authority's ability to generate its own-source revenues. Only one table is presented in this section.

Table 2.1 User Fee Revenues by Source

3.0 DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION

This information is intended to assist users in understanding the socioeconomic environment within which the Authority operates and to provide information that facilitates comparisons of financial statement information over time. There are two tables presented in this section.

Table 3.1 Demographic and Economic Statistics

Table 3.2 Principal Employers in Minnesota

4.0 OPERATING INFORMATION

This information is intended to provide contextual information about the Authority's operations and resources to assist readers in using financial statement information to understand and assess the Authority's employment. There is one table presented in this section.

Table 4.1 Full-Time Employees by Department

MINNESOTA SPORTS FACILITIES AUTHORITY Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Period	Net Investment in <u>Capital Assets</u>	Restricted	Unrestricted	Total <u>Net Position</u>
2022	\$856,803,912	\$20,454,094	\$23,927,810	\$901,185,816
2021	904,052,091	19,447,786	4,230,223	927,730,100
2020	953,867,695	21,845,565	4,838,875	980,552,135
2019	1,000,408,761	3,845,171	3,492,274	1,007,746,206
2018	1,044,474,586	5,993,494	(628,667)	1,049,839,413
2017	1,090,575,542	-	1,690,775	1,092,266,317
2015	907,139,710	-	7,910,770	915,050,480
2014	389,507,399	-	16,692,006	406,199,405
2013	52,256,276	-	24,144,345	76,400,621
2012	15,497,844	-	12,080,223	27,578,067

1 The Authority began operations on August 1, 2012 and net position for 2012 is reported as of December 31, 2012, for the five-month period then ended.

2 Net position for 2013, 2014, and 2015 is reported as of December 31 of each year.

3 The Authority changed its year-end from December 31 to June 30 and net position for 2017 is reported as of June 30, 2017, for the 18-month fiscal period then ended.

MINNESOTA SPORTS FACILITIES AUTHORITY Changes in Net Position For the Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2015	2014	2013	2012
Operating revenues:										
Operating payments from State of Minnesota and Minnesota Vikings	\$6,538,586	\$16,185,325	\$15,907,958	\$15,569,573	\$15,146,301	\$20,910,210	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
Lease revenues	11,526,620	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Stadium operating revenues	23,069,152	2,811,521	14,142,738	30,897,106	29,656,584	23,589,302	-	-	-	-
Concessions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,438,927	8,479,625
Admission tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,276,114	4,098,350
Rent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,810,944	4,068,914
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,067	1,501,944	908,813
Other	438,235	2,256,361	2,022,141	1,390,377	94,107	1,779,062	44,993	45,816	516,027	336,159
Parking operations and related revenues	-	-	-	-	-	-	524,455	405,166	-	-
Total operating revenues	41,572,593	21,253,207	32,072,837	47,857,056	44,896,992	46,278,574	569,448	464,049	20,543,956	17,891,861
Operating expenses:										
Concession costs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	221,220	5,072,396	4,101,323
Tenants share of concession receipts Facilities cost credit	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,244,224	1,309,240
Personal services	- 389,693	604,003	- 660,059	- 361,383	- 560,909	- 1,611,570	- 1,057,640	- 1,841,609	3,653,703	3,704,030 1,085,418
Professional services	987,603	1,450,545	1,385,177	1,224,722	1,795,052	2,797,081	865,679		2,623,548 981,614	922,956
Contractual services	967,005	1,450,545	1,202,177	1,224,722	1,/90,002	2,/9/,001	005,079	616,112 68,521	1,711,276	1,137,579
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	00,521	1,/11,2/0	1,137,379
Supplies, repairs and maintenance Utilities	1,324,155	1,191,647	920,323	910,439	1,268,687	1,256,214	273,015	214,056 96,842	685,645 3,148,122	470,478 1,436,919
Rent	700,541	286,957	800,699	796,939	746,505	1,432,607	171,462	172,210	-	
Insurance	-	-		-	-	-	58,518	113,373	856,543	367,127
Parking operations	-	-	-	-	-	-	235,013	719,573		
Event costs	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	673,132	388,508
Miscellaneous/other	306,330	588,778	311,155	803,290	3,203,500	901,419	294,954	203,832	327,711	303,098
Stadium operating expenses	32,916,861	14,368,751	25,106,754	44,338,597	37,417,765	32,143,313		,		
Depreciation and amortization	48,948,196	50,751,793	50,795,764	50,675,172	50,459,104	51,313,184	318,463	292,293	4,250,905	1,898,121
Total operating expenses	85,573,379	69,242,474	79,979,931	99,110,542	95,451,522	91,455,388	3,274,744	4,559,641	25,228,819	17,124,797
Total operating income (loss)	(44,000,786)	(47,989,267)	(47,907,094)	(51,253,486)	(50,554,530)	(45,176,814)	(2,705,296)	(4,095,592)	(4,684,863)	767,064
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)	6,685,725	(9,404,790)	(8,052,434)	2,088,342	1,664,664	(1,652,928)	(327,314)	1,765,515	993,582	70,645
Income (loss) before capital contributions	(37,315,061)	(57,394,057)	(55,959,528)	(49,165,144)	(48,889,866)	(46,829,742)	(3,032,610)	(2,330,077)	(3,691,281)	837,709
Capital contributions	10,770,777	4,572,022	28,765,457	7,071,937	6,462,962	224,045,579	511,883,685	334,047,793	52,513,835	2,546,938
Change in net position	\$(26,544,284)	\$(52,822,035)	\$(27,194,071)	(\$42,093,207)	(\$42,426,904)	\$177,215,837	\$508,851,075	\$331,717,716	\$48,822,554	\$3,384,647

1 The Authority began operations on August 1, 2012 and net position for 2012 is reported as of December 31, 2012, for the five-month period then ended. 2 Net position for 2013, 2014, and 2015 is reported as of December 31 of each year.

3 The Authority changed its year-end from December 31 to June 30 and net position for 2017 is reported as of June 30, 2017, for the 18-month fiscal period then ended.

4 The Authority adopted GASB Statement No. 87, Leases, effective July 1, 2021 and began to recognize lease revenues.

Unaudited

Source: Authority Finance department

Table 1.2

MINNESOTA SPORTS FACILITIES AUTHORITY User Fee Revenues by Source For the Last Ten Fiscal Years

Other	Charges for Services	Parking Operations	Rent	Admission Tax	Concessions	Stadium Operating Revenues	Lease Revenues	Operating Payments	Fiscal Period
\$438,235	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$23,069,152	\$11,526,620	\$6,538,586	2022
2,256,361	-	-	-	-	-	2,811,521	-	16,185,325	2021
2,022,141	-	-	-	-	-	14,142,738	-	15,907,958	2020
1,390,377	-	-	-	-	-	30,897,106	-	15,569,573	2019
94,107	-	-	-	-	-	29,656,584	-	15,146,301	2018
1,779,062	-	-	-	-	-	23,589,302	-	20,910,210	2017
44,993	-	524,455	-	-	-	-	-	-	2015
45,816	13,067	405,166	-	-	-	-	-	-	2014
516,027	1,501,944	-	4,810,944	4,276,114	9,438,927	-	-	-	2013
336,159	908,813	-	4,068,914	4,098,350	8,479,625	-	-	-	2012
1	- - - 13,067 1,501,944	- 524,455 405,166 -	- - - 4,810,944	- - - 4,276,114	9,438,927	30,897,106 29,656,584 23,589,302 - -	- - - -	15,569,573 15,146,301 20,910,210 -	2019 2018 2017 2015 2014 2013

1 The Authority began operations on August 1, 2012 and revenues by source for 2012 are reported as of December 31, 2012, for the five-month period then ended.

2 Revenues by source for 2013, 2014, and 2015 are reported as of December 31 of each year.

3 The Authority changed its year-end from December 31 to June 30 and revenues by source for 2017 are reported as of June 30, 2017, for the 18-month fiscal period then ended.

4 Operating payments include payments from the State of Minnesota and the Minnesota Vikings for U.S. Bank Stadium

5 Stadium operating revenues include all revenues from U.S. Bank Stadium operations

6 Concessions include Metrodome food and beverage concession revenues

7 Admission tax includes 10% tax assessed on all ticket sales at Metrodome

8 Rent includes 9.5% rental fee on Minnesota Vikings ticket sales and \$500 hourly rental fees for other Metrodome events

9 The Authority adopted GASB Statement No. 87, Leases, effective July 1, 2021 and began to recognize lease revenues

MINNESOTA SPORTS FACILITIES AUTHORITY Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Calendar Years

Fiscal Year	Population ^(1,3)	Personal Income (In Millions) ^(1,3)	Per Capita Income ^(1,3)	Unemployment <u>Rate</u> ⁽²⁾	
2012	3,422,542	173,992	50,837	5.5%	
2013	3,458,513	175,414	50,719	4.8%	
2014	3,491,838	186,385	53,377	4.0%	
2015	3,518,252	195,613	55,599	3.5%	
2016	3,551,036	201,427	56,723	3.6%	
2017	3,600,618	215,087	59,736	3.3%	
2018	3,614,162	227,292	62,889	2.8%	
2019	3,640,043	233,890	64,255	3.0%	
2020	3,657,477	245,833	67,214	4.5%	
2021	3,657,477	245,833	67,214	2.4%	

Unaudited

Sources:

1 U.S. Commerce Department and Bureau of Economic Analysis for the Minneapolis-St. Paul Metropolitan Statistical Area.

2 State of Minnesota, Department of Employment and Economic Development (Seven -county area)

3 2021 data not available at time of report.

MINNESOTA SPORTS FACILITIES AUTHORITY Principal Employers in Minnesota Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	2021			2011		
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Employment
State of Minnesota	56	1	2.86%	54	1	3.07%
Mayo Clinic	48	2	2.45%	33	3	1.88%
United States Federal Gov't	35	3	1.79%	45	2	2.56%
Target Corporation	31	4	1.58%	20	9	1.14%
Fairview Health Services	30	5	1.53%	31	4	1.76%
Allina Health System	29	6	1.48%	24	6	1.37%
University of Minnesota	27	7	1.38%	25	5	1.42%
HealthPartners Inc.	25	8	1.28%	-	-	-
Wells Fargo Minnesota	18	9	0.92%	18	10	1.02%
United Health Group, Inc.	18	10	0.92%	20	8	1.14%
Wal-Mart Stores, Inc.	-	-	-	21	7	1.20%
Total	317		16.19%	291		16.56%

Unaudited

Source: Metropolitan Council Annual Comprehensive Financial Report 12/31/2021-State of Minnesota Department of Employment and Economic Development, Minneapolis-St. Paul Business Journal, July 8, 2021 and Twin Cities Business B.I.G. Book, 2013.

Note: Available list covers employment for entire State of Minnesota. Walmart was not included because it declined to provide data for 2021. State of Minnesota includes Minnesota State Colleges & Universities. Table 3.2

Fiscal		Building		
Year	Administrative	Maintenance	Security	Total
2022	2	-	-	2
2021	4	-	-	4
2020	4	-	-	4
2019	4	-	-	4
2018	5	-	-	5
2017	5	-	-	5
2015	8	-	-	8
2014	10	-	-	10
2013	8	11	2	21
2012	7	11	2	20

1 The Authority began operations on August 1, 2012 and full-time employees by department for 2012 are reported as of December 31, 2012, for the five-month period then ended.

2 Employees by department for 2013, 2014, and 2015 are reported as of December 31 of each year.

3 The Authority changed its year end from December 31 to June 30 and employees by department for 2017 are reported as of June 30, 2017 for the 18-month fiscal period then ended.

Unaudited Source: Authority Finance department



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Finance Department • 1005 4th Street South • Minneapolis, MN 55415-1752 • msfa.com

Minnesota Sports Facilities Authority

Year Ending June 30, 2022

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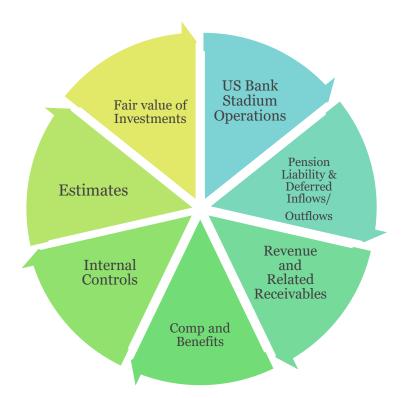




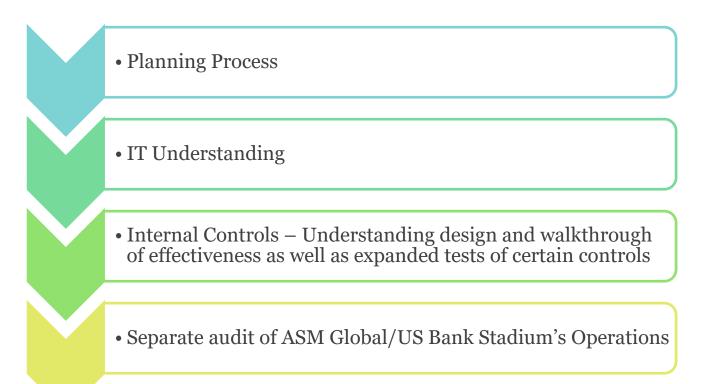


Governance Communication

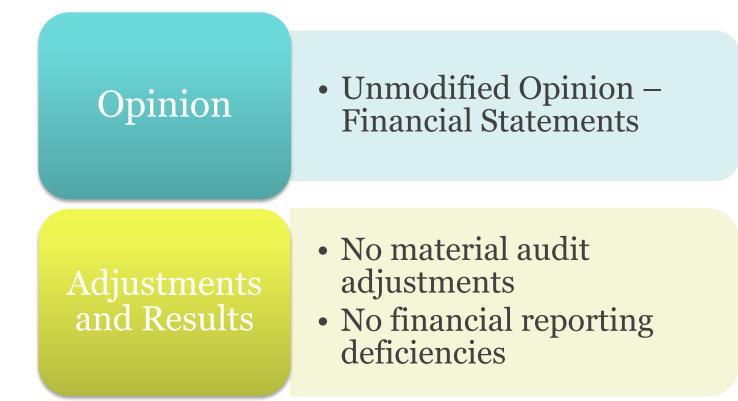
Financial Statement Audit Process - Risk Assessment



Audit Approach - Financial Statement Audit



Audit Results



Governance Communication Letter

Overall

- Purpose is to provide an update on the audit since the planning meeting
- No changes in scope of audit
- New Accounting Standard -GASB Statement No. 87 - Leases

Estimates

- Depreciable lives
- Compensated absences
- Net pension items
- Fair value of Investments
- We are comfortable with management's estimate

Difficulties

- No difficulties encountered
- No disagreements encountered
- No other findings to report

Other

- No material adjustments recorded
- No uncorrected or waived misstatements

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Questions and Feedback

We welcome any questions pertaining to the audit, governance communication letter, management letter or other matters related to the engagement

We appreciate the opportunity to serve as the auditors for the Minnesota Sports Facilities Authority!

Chris Knopik, CPA, CFE

Principal Ph. 612/397-3266 Christopher.Knopik@CLAconn ect.com



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Board of Commissioners Minnesota Sports Facilities Authority Minneapolis, Minnesota

We have audited the financial statements of the Minnesota Sports Facilities Authority (Authority) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated November 9, 2022. We have previously communicated to you information about our responsibilities under auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and *Government Auditing Standards*, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit in our statement of work dated July 14, 2022. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant audit findings or issues

Qualitative aspects of accounting practices

Accounting policies

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the Minnesota Sports Facilities Authority are described in Note 1 to the financial statements.

As described in Note 1, the Authority changed accounting policies related to leases by adopting Statement of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB Statement) No. 87, *Leases*, in 2022.

We noted no transactions entered into by the entity during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimates affecting the financial statements were:

- Management's estimate of the fair value of investments is based on quoted market prices provided by the Authority's brokers. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the fair value of investments in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.
- Management's estimate of the Authority's net pension liability and related deferred inflows and outflows of resources is based on allocation schedules which are provided by the pension plan which is based on an actuarially derived liability. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the Authority's net pension liability and related deferred inflows and outflows of resources in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Accounting estimates (continued)

- Management's estimate of the useful lives of capital assets is based on managements estimated useful lives of those assets along with guidance provide by a third party consultant. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the useful lives of capital assets in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.
- Management's estimate of the Authority's liability for compensated absences is based on employee wage information and the Authority's policies for earning vacation and sick leave. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the Authority's liability for compensated absences in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Financial statement disclosures

Certain financial statement disclosures are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. There were no particularly sensitive financial statement disclosures.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Significant unusual transactions

We identified no significant unusual transactions.

Difficulties encountered in performing the audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Uncorrected misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management did not identify and we did not notify them of any uncorrected financial statement misstatements.

Corrected misstatements

Management did not identify and we did not notify them of any financial statement misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures.

Disagreements with management

For purposes of this communication, a disagreement with management is a disagreement on a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditors' report. No such disagreements arose during our audit.

Circumstances that affect the form and content of the auditors' report

As previously communicated to you, the report was modified to include an emphasis of a matter paragraph related to the Authority's adoption of GASB Statement No. 87 - *Leases*.

Board of Commissioners Minnesota Sports Facilities Authority Page 3

Management representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated November 9, 2022.

Management consultations with other independent accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the entity's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditors' opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Significant issues discussed with management prior to engagement

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to engagement as the entity's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our engagement.

Audits of group financial statements

We noted no matters related to the group audit that we consider to be significant to the responsibilities of those charged with governance of the group.

Quality of component auditor's work

There were no instances in which our evaluation of the work of a component auditor gave rise to a concern about the quality of that auditor's work.

Limitations on the group audit

There were no restrictions on our access to information of components or other limitations on the group audit.

Required supplementary information

With respect to the required supplementary information (RSI) accompanying the financial statements, we made certain inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the RSI, including whether the RSI has been measured and presented in accordance with prescribed guidelines, whether the methods of measurement and preparation have been changed from the prior period and the reasons for any such changes, and whether there were any significant assumptions or interpretations underlying the measurement or presentation of the RSI. We compared the RSI for consistency with management's responses to the foregoing inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge obtained during the audit of the basic financial statements. Because these limited procedures do not provide sufficient evidence, we did not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

Other information included in annual reports

Other information (financial or nonfinancial information other than the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon) is being included in your annual report and is comprised of the introductory and statistical sections. Our responsibility for other information included in your annual report does not extend beyond the financial information identified in our opinion on the financial statements. We have no responsibility for determining whether such other information is properly stated and do not have an obligation to perform any procedures to corroborate other information included in your annual report. We are required by professional standards to read the other information included in your annual report and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the financial statements because the credibility of the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon may be undermined by material inconsistencies between the audited financial statements and other information. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report. Our auditors' report on the financial statements includes a separate section, "Other Information," which states we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance on the other information included in the annual report. We did not identify any material inconsistencies between the other annual report. We did not identify any

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Commissioners and management of the Minnesota Sports Facilities Authority and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

* * *

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Minneapolis, Minnesota November 9, 2022



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Commissioners Minnesota Sports Facilities Authority Minneapolis, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Minnesota Sports Facilities Authority, a component unit of the State of Minnesota, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Minnesota Sports Facilities Authority's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 9, 2022.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Minnesota Sports Facilities Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Minnesota Sports Facilities Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Minnesota Sports Facilities Authority's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Minnesota Sports Facilities Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Minneapolis, Minnesota November 9, 2022